The Constitution.

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Daily Constitution.

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WEATHER REPORT, JULY 27, 1876.

Reported by P. H. Mell, Jr., Chemist and Meteorologist Dept. Agriculture.

HEIGHT OF BAROMETER.

8 A.M	3 P.M.	8 P.M.	
29.026	28.969	28.969	Average height for day 28.992

TEMPERATURE.

Temperature of air in shade.

8 A.M	3 P.M.	8 P.M.	
76°	83°	80°	Mean temp'rare for day 79°.6

Maximum temperature for day 84°
Minimum temperature for day 73°
Maximum heat of the direct rays of the sun 147°

MOISTURE.

Evaporation during the last 24 hours .30 of an inch.
Per cent. of moisture in the air:

8 A.M	3 P.M.	8 P.M.	
79	61	71	Average for the da, 70

WIND

blew during the day from the east at the rate of 5 miles per hour. This is equal to a pressure of two ounces per square foot of surface.

Cloudy at 8 A. M. Hazy at 3 P. M., and clear at 8 P. M.

Radiation from the earth during night of 26th: 71°
Maximum temperature for the night of the 26th: 78°
Minimum temperature for the night of the 26th: 70°

Probabilities: For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, partly cloudy weather, and light local rains, with east to south winds, stationary or slight rise in temperature, falling barometer in the northern portion of the South Atlantic and no decided change in barometer in the Mississippi Valley.

Tennessee and Ohio Valley, warm south to west winds continue with local rains, followed by clearing weather, stationary or rising barometer.

Middle States, areas of rain, with partly cloudy weather in the southern portions, increasing south west winds, falling barometer, and stationary or slight rise in temperature.

During the summer months THE CONSTITUTION *will be sent to subscribers in the country and at the springs at the rate of $1 00 per month free of postage.*

GOLD opened in New York yesterday at 111¼ and closed at 111¾a111¼.

LOW MIDDLINGS closed in New York yesterday at 11 11-16a11¼. In Liverpool at 5 15-16.

GOV. BROGDEN, of North Carolina, seeks, it seems, a seat in congress. He has his eye on the Goldsboro district, but the democrats have their eyes on him.

IT begins to be evident that Georgia intends to return a good share of her present delegation in the house of representatives. Men of experience are far more useful at Washington than new men of even greater capacity.

THE Memphis Avalanche of Wednesday morning announces the arrival of Gen. A. H. Colquitt, "who will no doubt be the next governor of Georgia." The Avalanche is very correct in its progostication on that point.

A dispatch from Louisville announces that Hon. J. J. Hickman is confined to his bed with dangerous abscesses in his throat. He is at the head of the order of Good Templars throughout the world, and his illness retards the operations ordered by the right worthy grand lodge to secure its authority in Great Britain. We hope Mr. Hickman will speedily recover.

THE Tilden clubs of New York carry large brooms in their processions. Some of them are twelve feet long, three feet wide and weigh fourteen pounds. They are called centennial sweepers, and indicate what our Uncle Sammy will do when he gets at the thieves in office on the fourth day of next March

THE Cincinnati papers do not seem to regret the taking off of the fast mails. They seem to regard them as an expensive luxury that can be spared just as well as not.

THE contest in the third congressional district is virtually over, according to the figures presented in the Americus Republican. Gen. Cook has carried Macon, Sumter, Stewart, Coffee, Dooly, Telfair and Lee counties—twenty delegates out of thirty-six. Col. Kibbee has carried Pulaski, Wilcox, Dodge and Montgomery—eight delegates. Schley, Webster and Taylor have not been heard from, but the Republican believes Gen. Cook will get enough delegates from those counties to give him two-thirds of the convention.

THE efforts of the republicans, by making objections, to prevent the committees of investigation of the house from making their reports will fail. Under the present rule if objection be made two-thirds are required; but a new rule has been suggested in the committee on rules, which provides that standing and special committees charged with the investigation of persons while in the discharge of public duties shall be allowed to report at any time. The committee on rules can report this rule at any time and have it adopted.

THE following statement shows appropriation bills passed by the house for the fiscal year ending june 30, 1877, over those passed for a similar purpose by the last session of the republican congress for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1876:

Military Academy bill	$133,499 00
Pension bill	466,500 00
Consular and diplomatic bill	483,437 6
Fortincation bill	585,000 00
Legislative, executive, and judicial bill	5,724 417 39
River and harbor bill	770,667 50
Deficiency bill	4,94 ,384 11
Post-office bill	5,35 ,2 2 00
Navy bill	5,2 2 651 '0
Indian bill	1,4 4,781 28
Army bill	4 678,9 2 8 88
Sunday civil bill	11,717,368 85
Total amount of reductions	$39,457,865 51

EX-GOV. JOHNSON.

Burke county has somewhat surprised the public by going for Colquitt. It was thought that Johnson could carry this county, lying as it does next door to him. The time has come for ex-Gov. Johnson to peremptorily withdraw his name from the canvass, or be convicted of political insincerity and bad faith with the people. The sentiments of his letter in answer to the circular are wholly inconsistent with his further silence.

Another Bad Egg.

ELIZABETH, N. J., July 27.—Jeremiah Fairbanks, acting cashier of the state national bank arrested, charged with defalcation.

CONSTITUTION CATCHES.

BURKE BRINGS HER BEST EFFORTS TO COLQUITT.

Highwaymen in Ebony Skins about Augusta—One Thief in Hamburg Shoots His Pal Accidentally.

BALLOTS FROM BURKE

Special to the Constitution.

AUGUSTA, July 27th, 6:30 P. M.

A large meeting of the democracy was held to-day in Waynesboro, Burke county, for the purpose of sending delegates to the state convention.

A BALLOT WAS TAKEN

and when counted out was found to have resulted as follows:

For A. H. Colquitt.....126 votes
" H. V. Johnson.....122 "

The consequence was that the

COLQUITT DELEGATES

were elected by a majority of four votes. Their names are B. M. Blocker, G. B. Powell, J. H. McKenzie, Randolph Ridgely, P. D. Cox and J. P. Thomas. Their election was afterwards made unanimous, amid the greatest enthusiasm.

M.

A Couple of Crimes.

Special to the Constitution.

AUGUSTA, July 27—9:00 p. m.

Last night two negro men broke into a store in the town of Hambu g, S. C., upon the opposite shore from here, and

STOLE A QUANTITY OF GOODS

therefrom. Soon after they were apprehended by the colored officer of the town. One of the thieves attempted to escape, and fired at the officer, but the fatal bullet struck and killed the other prisoner.

A Brace of Highwaymen.

About nine o'clock this morning Mr. W. J. Delph, a gentleman living near this city, was riding along the public road with his wife and child in a buggy, about six miles from Augusta, when two negroes stepped into the road and,

LEVELLING THEIR GUNS AT HIM,

demanded of Mr. Delph his money and watch.

As he was unarmed and defenceless he yielded, giving up to them his pocket-book and watch. The negroes then permitted him to pursue his way on the road.

They have not yet been caught, but Mr. Delph says he will be able to identify them if he ever sees them again. Diligent search is being made for them and they will doubtless soon be in the custody of the officers.

S.

The Same Affairs.

[Associated Press.]

AUGUSTA, GA., July 26.—Two negroes stopped Mr. Delph, a merchant of this city, on the highway, 9 miles from Augusta, and leveled their guns at him, and made him give up his money and watch.

Last night the colored constable of Hamburg, South Carolina, attempted to arrest two negroes charged with stealing, caught one when the other fired at him, and the ball struck the prisoner, killing him instantly. The murderer escaped.

LYNCHING WAS LIGHT.

A Negro Fiend Finds Swift Death at a Rope's End.

Telegrams to the Constitution.

AUGUSTA, July 27.—On Thursday, the 20th, a negro, at Red Hill, Edgefield county, South Carolina, committed a rape on a little white girl, five years of age, the daughter of Louis Presscott, inflicting fearful injuries. Last Tuesday evening a party of men took the negro into the woods and hung him.

The Heiresses of New York.

New York correspondence of the Buffalo Commercial Advertiser.

Probably no city in the United States has so many beautiful and what the club men call "eligible" heiresses as New York, and as I have written of the rich widows and bachelors, some facts and particulars concerning the maidens rich and fancy free may be as readable and interesting. It is not inappropriate to head the list with Miss Maricia Roosevelt, although she is an orphan, her father, ex-Judge Roosevelt, having died two years ago, and her mother last winter in Paris. The Roosevelts came of good knickerbocker stock, and were for many years conspicuous among the elite. Mrs. Roosevelt was a Miss Van Ness and her father was minister to Spain. She was a beautiful and talented lady in her younger days, and a great entertainer at the old Roosevelt mansion of Broadway, near Thirteenth street. At her death she left her property, valued at $2,000,000, to Miss Marcia, her only daughter, and it is said, to the exclusion of her sons. The young lady inherits many of her distinguished mother's talents, and almost as general a favorite.

Miss Stevens, daughter of the late Col. Paran Stevens, of hotel fame, is heiress to a million odd, and reported engaged to an English nobleman. She is young, pretty and stylish, fond of society, horse-racing, yachting, polo, etc. She spends some of her winters in Europe and her summers at Newport, where the Stevens cottage is opposite the Ocean House. Mrs. Stevens was a Miss Reed of Boston, and her sister, who is completing her musical education in Paris, is engaged to Mr. Moses H. Grinnell, formerly collector of the port.

Miss Weed, daughter of Thurlow Weed, will one day come in posession of many hundred thousands. She is a very clever and accomplished young lady, and acts as her father's secretary. They live plainly, but handsomely and comfortably, in a large double house on Twelfth street, just west of Fifth avenue.

Miss Andrews, daughter of the late Loring Andrews, the millionaire, is destined to be one of the richest ladies in America, her father's estate being $5,000,000. She is now in Europe with her brother, and their magnificent country seat at Newport has been rented to Mr. Havemeyer, the Austrian consul general of New York. Miss Andrews is not yet nineteen years of age and very beautiful.

Miss Josephine Hoey, daughter of John Hoey, head of Adams express company whose wife was once leading lady at Wallack's theater. The young lady is possibly two and twenty years of age, stylish, and the best "whip" at Long Branch, where the Hoeys have their summer residence. She drives a pair of cream colored horses to a basket carriage, and is known to all the *habitues* of the Branch. John Hoey began life at the lowest round of the ladder, and is now worth "all the way up" from $750,000. Josephine is the only daughter.

Miss Moller is the daughter of William Moller, the sugar refiner, whom every body thought rich until he failed about a year ago. She is very stylish and effective, and has been much admired in Paris and Vienna. The gossips say her father settled half a million on her years ago, and she has always been regarded as an heiress by young men in search of a rich wife.

Miss Lamont, daughter of the late Charles Lamont, who fell from the window of his house on Fifth avenue one summer's night while the family was at West Point, and was instantly killed, is with her mother at the East End, Long branch. She is just of age, very handsome and fascinating. It is reported that she is to be married in the fall. Her dot will be fully $250,000.

Miss Astor and Miss Chandler, niece and granddaughter of the late W. B. Astor, are both heiresses to large fortunes.

So is Miss Kernochan, daughter of Mr. J. P. Kernochan, who lately paid $112,000 cash for the celebrated Barreda mansion on Madison avenue.

Miss Smith, niece of Mrs. A. T. Stewart, has a large estate settled upon her since the merchant prince's death, and is now in Paris with Mr. Stewart.

Miss Barlow, daughter of S. L. M. Barlow, the Erie lawyer, Miss Cooper, granddaughter of Peter Cooper; Miss Brown, daughter of James Brown, of Brown Brothers; Miss Lee, daughter of William H. Lee, and Miss Morgan, daughter of ex-Gov. Morgan, are all heiresses, and there are others whose names at this writing I do not recall.

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS

HONORING THE DECEASED SENATOR.

The Resumption Act Doomed—Conferences Progressing | Grant Helps Reform (in a Horn!)—Gossipy Capital Chaff.

Telegram to the Constitution.

SENATE.

Immediately after the reading of the journal yesterday, Senator BAYARD moved that, as a mark of respect to the late Senator Caperton, deceased, of W. Va., the senate adjourn to-morrow at 11 o'clock, which was unanimously agreed to.

HOUSE.

After passing the bill for the completion of the Washington monument, with amendments, the house adopted suitable resolutions concerning the death of Senator Caperton, and, as a further mark of respect, adjourned to to-morrow.

WASHINGTON WHAT-NOTS.

Sunset Cox is Reported Sick To-Day.

Telegrams to the Constitution.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The banking and currency committee did nothing of importance.

The Resumption Repeal.

The caucus voted 50 to 25 in favor of the resumption act. Not over half of the members attended.

The conference committee on the West Point appropriation bill have agreed.

Scott Wike, a member of the banking and currency committee, votes with Gibson against reporting the repeal of the resumption act, without some provisions for resumption.

The coinage of the trade dollar is suspended at all except the San Francisco mint, where it is confined to the actual demand for export.

Senator Caperton's Successor.

It is thought that Representative Faulkner will fill out the unexpired term of Senator Caperton.

Grant Still for Grabbing.

President Grant will allow the sundry civil appropriation bill to become a law without his signature. This will occur simultaneously with the expiration of the extension of the present appropriations and postpone the economical features of the bill for a few days.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The president has recognized Enrique Vedia as vice consul of Spain at New York.

Heathen Chinese.

The Chinese immigrants for year ending June 30th were 22,572, including 259 females, an increase over last year of 6,185.

The conference committee on the diplomatic bill met to-day and voted down several propositions offered as a basis for compromise, and then adjourned.

A Clean Pool.

The evidence in the case of Judge Humphreys, of the supreme district court shows his incapacity but no judicial corruption was developed.

The Steamboat Bill.

The senate committee on commerce directed Boutwell to report the steamboat bill to the senate. The bill as it passed the house the senate committee considered is largely in the interest of steamboat men and owners, as it relieves them from many obligations imposed by the present law. The senate committee entirely demanded the bill, the law substantially as it now is.

SARATOGA STEPPERS.

The Winners in the Race Features Yesterday.

Telegram to the Constitution.

SARATOGA, July 27.—The weather and attendance were brilliant.

In the one and an eighth mile race, Merciless won, Patience second, and Athelone third; time—2:45.

In the three-quarter mile race Mattie A. won, Yorkshire Lass second and Rhodemanthus third; time—1:18.

In the mile and five furlongs race, Invoice won, Martin second, Sandy third; time—2:57.

In the steeple chase Osage won, Trouble second, and Doubtful third.

COMMODORE VANDERBILT.

He Seems Certainly to be in His Last Illness.

Telegram to the Constitution.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Commodore Vanderbilt passed an exceedingly restless night. It was only too apparent this morning that his condition was worse than a any time during his protracted illness. About 9 o'clock his physician, Dr. Elliott, was summoned and he immediately responded to the call, taking with him two consulting physicians. The patient was found to be in heavy stupor and utterly unable to understand any questions put to him. His symptoms are deemed so unfavorable that the death of the railroad king may be looked for at any moment.

Twixt the Telegraphers.

CINCINNATI, July 27.—Judge Cox, of the Hamilton county common pleas court, has issued a preliminary injunction restraining the Atlantic & Pacific telegraph company from interfering with the rights of the Western union telegraph company on the Cincinnati & Indianapolis railroad.

CONVENTION CACOETHES.

POLITICAL POT-BOILINGS IN FIVE STATES.

Nominations in Louisiana, Illinois and Kentucky—Prohibition in a Bourbon Strong-hold—The Arkansas Radicals.

LOUISIANA.

Gen. Francis H. Nicholls for the next Governor.

Special to the Constitution.

BATON ROUGE, July 27.—The democratic state convention to-day nominated Gen. Francis H. Nicholls for governor. Gen. Nicholls commanded the Louisiana brigade in the army of northern Virginia and lost a leg and an arm in the service.

Hon. Louis A. Wiltz, of New Orleans, the ex-speaker of the house ousted by DeTrobriand's federal bayonets in January a year ago, was nominated for lieutenant governor.

The above are compromise candidates, Wiltz having been a leading aspirant for the first place.

The convention is enthusiastic and believes in the certain success of the ticket.

[Associated Press.]

BATON ROUGE, July 27.—The following are the democratic nominations for congress: First district, R. L. Gibson; second district, John Ellis; third district, J. H. Jackson; fourth district, J. B. Elam, and sixth district, E. W Robertson. The fifth district will nominate A. T. Monroe.

The canon nominated N. Ogden for attorney general on the first ballot.

KENTUCKY.

Can Such Things Be in Such a Land?

Telegram to the Constitution.

LOUISVILLE, July 27.—The first state convention of prohibitionists was held here to-day, to organize a party for the canvass for the presidency of the United States.

Green C. Smith of this state, who is the prohibition candidate for the presidency, was present and made a speech.

A state central committee and electors were appointed and the platform of the party read and adopted.

ARKANSAS.

A Radical Faction Gets Up a Jamboree of Its Own.

LITTLE ROCK, July 27.—The republican state convention, called by those republicans who oppose the action of the April convention in refusing to nominate a state ticket, met at 12 o'clock to-day. Twenty-four counties were represented.

Gen A. W. Bishop called the convention to order.

United States senator B. F. Rice was made permanent president.

After the appointment of a committee to confer with the republican state central committee, to see if the difference existing between party factions in this state could not be adjusted; and a committee on resolutions the convention took a recess.

ILLINOIS.

The Gubernatorial Ticket in the Field.

Telegram to the Constitution.

Illinois Democrats in Session

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., July 27—The democratic state convention appointed committees and adjourned until one o'clock, p. m.

SPRINGFIELD, ILLS., July 27.—In the democratic state convention resolutions were adopted endorsing the St. Louis platform and nominee, and asking the legislature to devise some means to protect the workingmen against convict labor.

Lewis Stewart was unanimously nominated for governor and A. A. Glenn for lieut-governor.

A Greenback M. C.

QUINCY, ILL., July 27.—The democrats of the eleventh Illinois district nominated R. M. Knott. This is regarded as a greenback triumph.

WEST VIRGINIA.

Republicans Dilly-Dallying in their Convention.

Telegram to the Constitution.

WHEELING, July 27.—The republican state convention appointed committees and adjourned to this afternoon.

Gainesville College Commencement

GAINESVILLE, July 26, 1876.

This has been a gala day in "The queen city of the hills," and she has put on her holiday attire. Gainesville is always beautiful in summer, always beautiful when she puts forth her daughters, the jewels of her crown, and never more so than when she reveals to our admiring eyes the golden fruit of her intellectual cultivation as she has done during the past three days.

Under the management of Professor W. C. Wilkes and his able corps of assistants, Gainesville college has attained an envisible position among the educational institutions of the state. The city has just finished a magnificent college building, the first floor of which is divided into recitation apartments, all crowned by a grand chapel hall and rostrum on the second, that for ventilation, light and comfortable egress is surpassed by none in the state.

During the term just closed the college had about 125 pupils on its roll. It is believed that time will double that number, as the excellencies of its faculty, the solubrity of the climate, purity of the water and the morality of the society of Gainesville becomes more widely known to the people of the south.

Monday the 24th inst was devoted to the examination of the primary classes, which developed a thoroughness of training and system of teaching that once produces the best results. At 8:30 p m. the Clio society, composed of the young ladies of the college, entertained a vast audience of the *elite* of the city with music and literature, rich, rare and racy. In composition, the lovely members, arrayed in snowy white and pink sashes reached in the ideal beauties of dreamland rendering all a gorgeous reality by the sole power of the literary merit. How well the audience appreciated the rare treat was evinced by the tremendous applause that greeted the productions of each of the fair number.

After the exercises of the society, Mr. H. K. Shackleford of your city, delivered the annual address to the members and the audience.

The second day's examinations evinced a higher order of culture, the preparatory classes being as well advanced in their studies as any we have ever seen in any similar institution.

Tuesday night about a score of boys declaimed for prizes. An immense audience greeted the youthful orators. When all did so well it is not necessary to particularize. Suffice it to say that decided merit forced three special prizes from the faculty and committee. The next day the young ladies read compositions and young gentleman declaimed. Prizes were awarded and delivered, and then followed the annual commencement address by Hon. H. P. Bell. It is impossible to do justice to the masterly effort. It should have been heard to be fully appreciated. His theme was, "Whims, and their uses in the development of our mental resources," and never was a subject more brilliantly handled. He was greeted by frequent bursts of applause.

At night again a grand concert was given by the young ladies and gentlemen, interspersed with dramatic pieces in which considerable histrionic talent was evinced.

Thus closed the term, and it has reflected great honor on the faculty and the city.

In conclusion I would say that good board can be had here at low rates, and that parents who desire to place their children in a first class school and community could not do better than send them to Gainesville. ALLONS.

WILSON WARMS THE WAX.

HE TELLS WHAT BRISTOW DECLINED TO GIVE TO THE PUBLIC.

Grant's Aid in Letting No "Guilty Man Escape"—The "Sylph" Mystery in Another Tangle.

Telegram to the Constitution.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Bluford Wilson, ex-solicitor of the treasury, testified before the whisky frauds committee to the effect that

The President Co-operated

with Bristow and himself, in the whisky prosecutions, up to the time when Babcock's connection with the frauds became manifest, but then ceased to do so.

Wilson also said that during the pendency of the prosecutions, Babcock obtained

Possession of a Letter

of his to Henderson, urging activity and watchfulness, and interpolated, or get interpolated, an expression which distorts the meaning and made it appear that he (Wilson) was trying to connect the president with the frauds.

He also testified that in a conversation with Gen. Horace Porter after the discovery that

The Sylph Telegram

was in Babcock's writing, Porter gave an explanation to the effect that it related to the movements of certain parties going to St. Louis on bridge business, and that the signature arose in this way.

There was a certain woman who had given the president much trouble. Babcock and McDonald being together in Washington one day saw her, and McDonald recognizing her, exclaimed: "There is the sylph."

Babcock said, "Do you know that woman?"

McDonald replied, "I know her very well."

"Then," said Babcock, "I wish you would get her away from here. She is annoying the president.

"Certainly," said McDonald; "that is very easy. I can manage her," and he did so.

The term "Sylph" became a standing joke between Babcock and McDonald, and they signed their communications in that way.

When charged with

Setting Spies on the President,

Wilson, in self-defence, told the president his suspicions of Babcock and related the explanation of "Sylph," as given by Porter.

The president indignantly denied the story.

Brushed It Away With A Contemptuous

gesture, and proceeded with his remarks on the frauds, saying he "believed Babcock innocent, but if guilty, he was

The Worst Guilty Wretch

in the country, and no punishment could be too severe for him."

Wilson testified that when he first heard this story from Porter he believed it false, and he still believed it so. He will be further examined to-morrow.

The Belknap Trial—Prospects of the Result.

All comments as to the results are, in a great measure, speculative. Those senators, however, who believe that the allegations contained in the articles of impeachment have been sustained in all points essential to conviction, and that the vote of the senate will so declare, base their conclusions further upon the supposition that Christiancy, Eaton and Jones, who voted against jurisdiction, and who have not voted at all upon any of the propositions bearing upon the trial pending its consideration, will not vote upon the final question of guilty or not guilty. Again, they believe that a number of senators who voted against jurisdiction will accept the action of the majority as establishing the law in the case, and upon the question of guilty or not guilty will vote upon the facts as presented in the testimony, and not in accordance with their personal views on a question which has already been disposed of. It is known that several influential senators who were opposed to jurisdiction take this view. From present indications it seems very certain that the result of the trial will be conviction. The ex-secretary of war is very diligent in his attendance upon the proceedings of the trial, and may be seen seated with his counsel, with a full air of confidence in acquittal. His own opinions, as expressed in conversation, are that he will be acquitted, and from his manner and buoyancy of spirit, evidently believes in what he says. Nor is it at all certain that he will be disappointed.—Special to Baltimore Sun.

A Wife Murderer.

POTTSVILLE, July 27.—Jno. Dolma, a Pole, shot his wife. Jealousy was the cause.

A Church Burned.

NEWBERY, July 27.—New Second Baptist church was destroyed by an incendiary fire.

EFFENDI AND DEFENDI.

ANOTHER BATCH OF BATTLE REPORTS FROM THE EAST.

Kaiser as a Peace-Maker.—Prussia and Austria Getting Their Harness on.—The Servian Army.—Turkish Inflation.

Turkish Inflation.

LONDON, July 27.—A dispatch from Constantinople to Reuter's telegraph agency says it is stated that the government has decided to issue paper currency to the amount of three millions Turkish pounds.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 27.—The report is confirmed that Turkey will issue a forced paper currency.

A Montenegrin Manœuvre.

LONDON, July 27.—The Times' Ragusa and Vienna correspondents conclude that the Montenegrins are withdrawing from before Mostar in order to co-operate with the Servians.

The Porte Reported.

LONDON, July 27.—The Telegraph's Vienna special says it is said that the Turkish ambassador here has confidentially stated that the porte declares that some of the most important of the Roumanian demands are inadmissable, and refuses to discuss the cession of the mouth of the Danube, as that question equally concerns the other powers.

The Kaiser to the Montenegrin.

LONDON, July 27.—The Pall Mall Gazette in a special from Berlin, says: "Emperor William has earnestly impressed the prince of Roumania with the importance of maintaining peace.

"Turkey demanded from Roumania the observance of strict neutrality and has complained that munitions of war are transmitted to Servia through Roumanian territory.

"Roman Catholics of Bosnia have subscribed a considerable amount for Turkish war expenses."

Tchernayoff's Tribulations.

A dispatch to the Reuter's telegraph company from Semlin, dated to-day, says:

During the last four days the Servian general, Tchernayoff has been combatting a Turkish attack. The result is the defeat of General Tchernayoff in the attempt to join General Leschjavin. General Tchernayoff's army is retreating. He has gone to Parakin. Prince Milan and General Tchernayoff will go to Saitschar to encourage the army by their presence.

A Weak General

The Servians attribute Gen. Leschjavin's defeat on the 18th instant, to his incapacity and misconception of the Turkish movements.

A Battle Going On.

To-day a battle is progressing on Tilok River. There are no details.

The Turkish Report.

MILEOVITIZA, July 24.—The enemy were beaten at Santavitza with heavy loss.

The Timok Affair.

The Servians, with six cannon, crossed the Timok, near Belgrade. An engagement is expected to day.

A Dastard Trick

A disguised Turk, who was arrested at Gladero, had several packages of poison upon his person. It is supposed he intended to poison the Servian wells. Considerable excitement was caused by the discovery.

The Turkish commander at Kleck has three days armistice. His offer to surrender with honors was refused. The retirement of the Montenegrins within their own territory seems confirmed.

Montenegrin Victory.

LONDON, July 29.—Ragusa rpecials received here from Sclavonic sources say that the Servians are arming rapidly, and that 10,000 Turks under Nichent Hambi Pasha attacked the Montenegrins on Tuesday, near Padgoritza. They were repulsed and pursued to Padgoritza. Both sides lost heavily in killed and wounded.

Prussia and Austria Getting Ready

A Vienna despatch says the municipalities throughout Austria have orders to prepare for the mobilization of the army at a moment's notice.

The Telegraph's Berlin special says: Preparations are making for the mobilization of the whole army.

Tough Times on the Timok.

WIDDEN, July 25.—Five Servian battalions crossed the Timok river, but were repulsed.

Lonhkatar Pasha announces that on the 24th instant he pursued the Montenegrins, whom he defeated at Neusinje, as far as Studenzini. On the approach of the Turks the Montenegrins retreated in the direction of Banjani, abandoning a large quantity of provisions and many cattle.

Unintelligible Movements.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 27.—Official dispatches from Scutari, July 27, say: The Turks have dispatched the Montenegrins concentrated in the vicinity of Widden. Five thousand insurgents subsequently attacked the Turks and were repulsed. The loss was considerable.

Status of Servia's Army.

Another dispatch to Reuter's telegraph company from Semlin says: "Servia has authorized the formation of a legion of foreign volunteers.

Signori Carrizzeni and Cereti, the latter an aid-de-camp of Garibaldi, are forming an Italian legion.

The strength of the Servian army is 45,000 men and 250 guns, including one battery of Krupp's guns and 15 bronze pieces. The Servian artillery officers are superior to the Turkish, but the Servian army is deficient in infantry officers. Russian officers and surgeons are arriving at Belgrade daily.

The Turkish Defeat Confirmed

BELGRADE, July 27.—The following is official: The Turks attempted to cross the river Timok, which forms the eastern boundary of Servia, at Wrasognabee on Wednesday, but were repulsed with heavy loss. On the 24th General Antitch completely defeated Pervisch Pasha near Dugapuejana. Antitch has been appointed to the command of the Iber army in place of General Zach, who is invalided.

How Lady Visitors Eat at the Centennial.

The New Century for Women.

"When a lady comes into the restaurant," said the waiter, "she always sits down as if terrapins and turtles were nothing to her. I never can help believing in her, counting my experience as nothing. She always asks for the bill of fare, and reads the figures first. Men, you know, say 'do they cook oysters decent?' but she always says 'what do they cost?' Then she talks and talks to her friend, and she says 'do you like vermicelli soup?' 'Oh,' says the other, 'don't let's have soup, it's so hot. I don't want any soup, and I hate vermicelli, don't you?' 'Yes,' says she, 'but what shall we have?' 'They have splendid chicken patties at Maillard's, in New York; I wonder if they are good here?' 'I don't know,' says the other, 'I had sheep's head here once, and it was very good.' 'Well, let's have that.' 'No,' says she, 'don't let's have the same thing. You have sheep's head, and I'll have chicken.' 'No; have you rare beef?'—to me—'Yes, miss,' I say. 'You have shad?' says the other. 'No, it is too late, and don't let both of us have fish. I wish they had Vienna coffee, or that lovely rose sherbert from the Turkish Bazar. Let us go over there.' 'Oh, no, it's too hot' 'Well, what are you going to have?' Then they ask me if we have fried chicken, and all sorts of things not on the bill, and if we had—as we haven't—what would it cost. They talk of this, and of that, and then one says, 'Oh, pshaw! I mean to have some ice cream;' and the other says it is just what she wants, and then when they get it they say it isn't half as good as the ice cream at some other place, and then they say bring them some cake; and when I bring it, they say, "Haven't you some other kind?' and I bring that. Then one says, 'Let's have some coffee;' and they decide on lemonade. When I give the check, they count up everything by itself, and say, 'Oh, mercy, did the cake cost all that?' Then they get up and drop their gloves, and say, 'Let us go up to the *Trois Freres*, or else to the restaurant in some of the halls, and 'Don't you think that ice cream was horrid?'"

HEMISPHERIC HASH.

FRIGHTFUL RAILROAD ACCIDENT IN ENGLAND.

Catholic Prelates in bad Health—Bully Baker Gets a Place among the Turks—The Ra es abroad.

An Archbishop Ill.

HALIFAX, July 27.—Archbishop Connolly has gastric fever, with symptoms of congestion of the brain and little hope of his recovery is entertained.

Cavalier Baker Seeking a Harem.

LONDON, July 27.—The Echo says it stated that ex-Col. Valentine Baker, who was sentenced to one year's imprisonment for impoper behavior to a lady in a railway carrage, and who yesterday was released from Horse-Monger Lane jail at the expiration of his term, has accepted a commission to leave immediately for the Turkish army.

A Fearful Railroad Accident.

The Pall Mall Gazette has a special from Bristol, saying: "The Flying Dutchman," a fast train running at full speed between Taunton and Bristol, left the track near Long Ashton. The engineer and fireman were killed. It is feared that a number of passengers were killed. The train is a total wreck. The superintendent of police, who brought the information of the accident, reports two passengers dead and a large number injured.

Hard on the Hands.

LONDON, July 27.—Representatives of twenty-seven cotton firms met at Lancashire to-day and resolved that on account of the depressed state of trade they would only work four days in the week.

The Goodwood Cup.

LONDON, July 27.—The race for the Goodwood cup was won by "New Holland," with Temple Bar second and Preakness third. Six horses started. The American horse "Mate" was behind. The betting against him was 100 to 8.

Cardinal Antonelli's Health.

PARIS, July 27.—*Le Temps* notes that Cardinal Antonelli's life, endangered sometime ago from a complication of gout and rheumatism, is now pronounced out of immediate danger

A Magazine Holocaust

The government powder magazine at Toulouse exploded with great loss of life.

An American Consul Dead.

HAVANA, July 27.—Joseph O. Moore, United States consul at Trinidad, died on the 25th of yellow fever.

THE INDIAN WAR.

The Batallion of Artillery That Goes to the Front

Telegram to the Constitution.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The two batallions of artillery which have been ordered to report to Gen. Pope, department of Mo., will be composed of the following: 2 companies, 2d artillery, from Fort McHenry, Md.; one company, 2d artillery, from Charleston, S. C., one company, 2d artillery, from Fort Macon, N.C.; 2 companies, 1st artillery, from Fort Adams, R. I.; one company, 1st artillery, from Fort Warner, Mass., and one company, 1st artillery, from Fort Trumbull, Conn.

Col. Otis is ordered to join his regiment, the 7th cavalry.

CLEVELAND CLIPPERS.

Goldsmith Maid Beaten by Smuggler

Telegram to the Constitution.

CLEVELAND, July 27.—In the 2:32 class the race was won by Albermarle; John B. second, and Hattie third, in 2:23, 2:24, 2:25.

In the free to all race, Smuggler won the third, fourth and fifth heats and the race; Goldsmith Maid took the first and second heats. The time was 2:15, 2:17, 2:16, 2:17, 2:18, 2:17. The Maid was second in the three last heats.

Movements at Fortress Monroe.

FT. MONROE, July 27.—The United States steamer Ossipee, commander S. S. Breeze, arrived here to-day from Boston.

Lieut. J. H. Daltenbach, of the 1st artillery, and twenty-four men, left for New York to-night.

One of the Tilden Cards.

NEW YORK, July 27.—In the suit of the St. Louis, Alton & Terrehaute railroad Co., against S. J. Tilden and others, the order heretofore granted extending the time for the defendants to answer to the first Monday in October, has been modified, by consent of counsel, to the first Monday in August. A longer time has not been deemed necessary.

Incendiary Fire in a Factory.

TROY, N. Y., July 27.—The Degolias washboard factory, at Batchellorsville, Saratoga county, is destroyed by an incendiary fire. Loss $30,000.

Bills in Trouble.

FALL RIVER, July 27.—Notices are posted in all the mills announcing a reduction of about ten per cent on wages after August 7.

ADVERTISING RATES

RATES OF ADVERTISING FOR USUAL ADVERTISEMENTS, THE RATES NAMED IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE:

Length of Square Ten Lines.	1 w'k	2 w'ks	3 w'ks	4 w'ks
One Square.....	$ 5.50	$ 8.00	$ 5.00	$10.00
Two Squares.....	8.50	11.50	15.00	16.00
Three Squares..	9.00	16.50	23.00	26.50
Four Squares...	11.00	20.00	27.00	33.00
Five Squares....	13.00	23.00	31.50	39.00
Six Squares.....	14.50	25.50	35.50	44.00
Seven Squares..	16.00	27.00	39.00	48.5
Half Column....	30.00	55.00	70.00	85.00
One Column.....	50.00	75.00	90.00	100.00

Advertisements inserted three times a week, one-fourth off the table rates; two times a week, one-half off the table rates; once a week, $1 per square, each insertion. Weekly, $1 per square, each insertion.

Theatres, Shows, Minstrel Companies, and such like amusements $1 per square for first insertion, and 75 cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Notices of any kind in "Preferred Locals" 25 cents per line each insertion. "City Locals" (in brevier) 20 cents per line, each insertion; in Local and Business" 15 cents per line, each insertion. "Captions" are counted as two lines. A line is estimated at six words. Contract rates reasonable. Transient Advertisements must be paid in advance.

THE SECOND OF AUGUST.

How the Counties Have Instructed Their Delegates.

COLQUITT COUNTIES.

Houston	6	Lumpkin	2
Coffee	2	Franklin	2
Cobb	2	Heard	3
Newton	4	Forsyth	2
Rockdale	2	Banks	1
Campbell	2	Calhoun	2
DeKalb	2	Bullock	2
Murray	2	Clayton	2
Henry	3	Upson	2
Hall	1	Pickens	2
Oglethorpe	4	McIntosh	2
Lowndes	2	Schley	2
Milton	2	Chatham	6
Dougherty	4	Troup	4
Lee	2	Washington	4
Randolph	2	Hancock	4
Mitchell	2	Pulaski	2
Columbia	2	Warren	1
Muscogee	4	Jackson	4
Glynn	1	Worth	2
Li

Daily Constitution

PRINTER FOR CITY AND COUNTY.

Judicial Sales, Tax Sales, all Official Proceedings of City and County, published by authority.

The Largest Circulation, City, County and State—Dates Refutation.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENTS:
T. H. ACTON. H. H. PARKS.

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HON. SAMUEL J. TILDEN,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:

HON. THOS. A. HENDRICKS,

OF INDIANA.

ALLEN TAYLOR CAPERTON.

Our dispatches of yesterday announced the unexpected death of the distinguished senator from West Virginia, from gout of the heart. He was in every sense of the word a Virginian, and only war legislation put him outside of the Old Dominion. A gentleman of the old school, a statesman of experience and general culture and a man whom to see was to admire, he will be greatly missed in the body that he had but recently entered.

He was born near Union, Monroe county, now West Virginia, on the twenty-first day of November, 1810. At one time he attended school in Huntsville, Alabama, but Yale college in 1839 had the honor of graduating the future senator. He studied law in Staunton, which he successfully followed when public duties did not intervene. He had long been connected with works of internal improvements in his part of the state. For many years he was a member either of the Virginia house of delegates or of her senate, his last senatorial term being from 1859 to 1861. He was also a member of the constitutional convention of 1861; and in the same year was elected a member of the confederate states senate, in which body he served with rare distinction and usefulness until the final disbandment of that body. After the war he devoted a good portion of his energies to the development of the coal, mineral, timber and grazing lands of his state, seeking by every possible means to attract to them foreign capital.

In the desperate struggle of 1874-5 for the seat filled in the United States senate by Mr. Boreman, all parties finally selected Mr. Caperton as a happy compromise candidate, and he took his seat on the fourth of March, 1875. If the hand of death had not removed him, his term of service would have lasted until March, 1881. His death will be universally regretted, as well in Washington, as at his home in Charleston, and throughout the state that he represented. He will be succeeded by a democrat, as the entire state government is in democratic hands, but it will be difficult to find a successor of equal experience and capacity.

A MISAPPROPRIATED AUTHORSHIP.

While it is true that the late war deluged the country with martial rhymes, songs and poems, as well as blood, there were afloat upon the sea of literature at the commencement of that terrible conflict, many beautiful poems and stirring lyrics, called forth by the Mexican war, which have been borne upon the swelling tide into new and popular currents of public thought.

Some of these poems and lyrics, which possessed no local significance, or in any other way proclaimed their identification with the Mexican struggle, became popular as applied to our late unhappy conflict, and were supposed to have been written for the purpose of commemorating events and incidents of that conflict. Others, which were so identified with the Mexican war that their object was too plain to be misunderstood, were republished on account of their martial inspiration or lofty patriotism, that they might again nerve the arms and cheer the hearts of the soldiers in the field. One of the most beautiful and admired of these poems is "The Bivouac of the Dead," by the late Col. Theodore O'Hara, of Kentucky, who was a gallant officer of the confederate army. The first verse of this poem, in its last four lines, furnished the federal government a suitable inscription to put over the gateway to their cemetery at Arlington Heights. We give the verse entire, as a matter of interest in this connection:

"Our bivouac's done,
All scenes which were
Of toil and strife;
But silent lie
Both blue and gray
Beneath the quiet sod.
Sleep soldiers still
In honored rest
Your truth and valor won.
We give you
Nature's kindly tear
And mingle with your graves
The shadows of
Our triumph and our fears
Of glory reaped
With toil and blood
And death's pale flag
Is furled
Forever over
Your cold and narrow beds."

The muffled drum's sad roll has beat
The soldier's last tattoo!
No more on life's parade shall meet,
That brave and fallen few;
On Fame's eternal camping ground
Their silent tents are spread,
And glory guards with solemn round,
The bivouac of the dead.

Another poem of the Mexican war, and one which had no peculiar feature in its composition by which to connect it with that conquest of our arms, was entitled "My Wife and Child," by Col. Henry R. Jackson, of Savannah, then commander of the "Georgia Regiment," whose fallen heroes' deeds he embalmed in another and later poem, under the title of "The Dead of the Georgia Regiment," whom he apostrophized as "patriot soldiers and gallant Georgians," a title which they had proudly won and worn upon the bloody fields of Mexico. Col. Jackson left Savannah as commander of that fine body of soldiers, the "Jasper Greens," and at Columbus, where the troops of this state were consolidated, he was made colonel of the first, and we think, the only regiment of Georgia infantry. The dead heroes of that command fell upon many of the most sanguinary fields, and were buried beside the turbid Rio Grande, beneath the dark shadows of the Sierra Madre, at Victoria and Tampico, beneath the ramparts of San Juan, and under the white gleaming of the snow-capped Orizaba. There, said Col. Jackson in his commemorative verses:

Ye are the slumbering, gallant soldiers!
Each upon his couch of sand,
Death had tapped but once his tattoo,
And ye were a silent band.

* * * * * * * * *

Calm your slumbers, dauntless soldiers!
Suns were hot, and sands were deep,
Marches long, and knapsacks heavy,
When ye threw them off to sleep.

The poem entitled "My Wife and Child," was frequently republished during the late war, and is still floating about upon the currents of journalistic literature, but without its author's name attached. In some instances, however, the poem has been preceded by this introduction: "The following beautiful and tender poem was written by the late 'Stonewall' Jackson, for whose stricken 'wife and child' so much sympathy has already been expressed." Three years ago we had occasion to correct the error contained in this introduction, but it seems that the correction failed to meet the eye of one of the highest authorities in the country, so far as war records are concerned, Mr. Frank Moore, of New York, editor of the "Rebellion Record," of the past, and now occupying the same responsible position on the "Record of the Year," published by Carleton & Co., of New York. The August issue of this magazine, page 528, contains a badly mutilated copy of this poem, probably cut from some newspaper, at the bottom of which appears the name of "General 'Stonewall' Jackson" as its author. In this reliable and permanent form, (for the Record constitutes an annual volume of great historical value) unless due correction is made, the authorship of these verses will go down to posterity carelessly misappropriated to one who needs no poetic honors to make immortal among the people of all lands, in all time, his unsulled name and his heroic deeds. The high character of the publication, as well its permanent form, makes it necessary that we should again put before the public a statement in correction of the matter.

The origin of the mistake is quite simple, if we consider the loose way in which some editors jump at conclusionsions in regard to authorship. The fact that the poem was written by a General Jackson, at once, and perhaps naturally enough, suggested the name of Gen. "Stonewall" Jackson, who had a "wife and child" at home. Again, the poem was originally published in 1846, or about that time, and for many years was lost sight of, but came to the surface again during the late war, without, however, having its true author's name attached. Col. Jackson, we are informed, composed these verses while in camp at Camargo, Mexico, thirty years ago, at which time he had at his far off pleasant home in Savannah a young wife and little boy. That child, then so touchingly committed to the kindly care of a Heavenly Father, was Capt. Harry Jackson, of Atlanta, now reporter of the supreme court of the state, and a gallant soldier in the late war, having served as assistant adjutant general on the staff of Gen. A. H. Colquitt. Although we publish a corrected copy of this poem on the third page of this issue, we cannot refrain from adding to this paragraph the beautifully tender lines about that then infant child:

"Our baby son—
Who slumbers on thy gentle breast;
God of the tender, frail and lone,
Oh! guard the tender sleeper's rest!"

In making this correction, so justly due a distinguished and gifted son of Georgia, it may not be out of place to refer to other poems from the cultured pen of Gen. Henry R. Jackson, although more than a quarter of a century has elapsed since they were given to the public in a neat little volume of 235 pages entitled "Tallulah and other Poems," published by John M. Cooper, of Savannah. There are several poems in this collection that have won a national reputation, and among these are "My Wife and Child," referred to above, "My Father," which is introductory to the other poems of the volume, and "The Red Old Hills of Georgia." Many of the poems are possessed of much local interest, as they present in flowing measure the beauties of Tallulah, Toccoa, Nococchee, middle Georgia, the mountains of Georgia, and the Oconee and Chattahoochee rivers. No literary excellence was claimed for this volume, which the modest author "affectionately inscribed" to his "beloved mother," of whom he tenderly speaks, in the poem addressed to his then sainted father, as "widowed in this cheerless world." In his riper years, with high honors clustering about his unsullied name, Gen. Jackson does not need to put forth a claim of authorship in any of the poems of his earlier years, yet justice to him impels us to write this much in regard to one of those poems, as it is a literary composition that will live in the hearts of men until the last sword of battle in the world shall have been turned into a peaceful pruning hook, and the sound of war shall have ceased forever among the nations of the earth.

GOOD CROPS EVERYWHERE.

From all over the world come similar reports of the crops—all good, and in most cases bountiful. Mother Earth never yielded such a harvest as the present. From the wheat regions of Europe, and especially from the south of Russia, the reports are very favorable. Croaking disappears as the harvest approaches, and throughout the old world the change, if any there be, is for the better.

In the great wheat-growing states of this country the harvest proves to be much larger than was anticipated. Wheat is probably a full average, barley, rye and oats are turning out finely, and corn is growing so rapidly that it promises the largest yield in the history of the northwest.

In California the wheat and barley crops are fully secured. Not less than 23,500,000 bushels of wheat and 10,000,000 bushels of barley will be available in that state alone for export. It will take all the spare tonnage of the world to carry this enormous surplus to market.

In our own section large crops are in sight. Texas has millions of bushels of wheat for export, and the entire south will come so near to raising their own breadstuffs this year that the occupation of many produce dealers in St. Louis and other western cities will be as good as gone. The south will supply herself very soon.

We are glad to hear that library associations are rapidly increasing in Georgia. It is the cheapest and best way to supply a community with books. But more care is needed to maintain a circulating library than to start it. It is a pity to lose the advantages of a start, and we hope a word of caution will induce some good friend of popular education to look after the library of each town until it is firmly established.

MORE SILVER BILLS.

Two efforts to pass silver bills in the house this week greatly agitated the hard-money people. On Monday Mr. Kelley moved to suspend the rules and pass a bill for the coinage of a standard silver dollar and to make it a legal tender for all debts. The vote was yeas 119; nays 68—not two-thirds. Messrs. Candler, Cook, Felton, Hill and Smith voted in favor of suspending the rules. Messrs. Blount, Harris and Hartridge did not vote.

On Tuesday Mr. Bland of the committee on mines and mining, called up his coin-certificate bill. It provides for the issue of treasury coin notes of the denomination of $50 and its multiples up to $10,000, through the mint and assay offices, for the net value of gold and silver deposited thereat. Of the bullion thus deposited not less than seventy-five per cent in coin or fine bars shall be kept on hand for the redemption of the coin notes. The gold deposited shall be computed at the coining value, and silver at the rate of 420 grains standard silver to the dollar. The coin notes are to be receivable without limit for all dues to the United States. The committee added an amendment to the bill, directing the coinage and issue of silver dollars of the weight prescribed by the act of 1837, namely, 512½ grains, these silver dollars to be legal tender in payment of all debts, public and private.

The republicans, under the lead of Mr. Kasson, managed to consume the morning hour, which put the measure over. This probably disposes of the whole subject for this session. The fuss that the radicals kicked up over these bills was altogether too thin. If both had passed the house, could they not have headed them off in the senate or in the White House? The radical leaders have an eye solely to the creation of campaign literature, and the more hard money thunder they get in, better they are satisfied.

It is claimed that a new feature is about to be introduced into the cotton trade of New Orleans, in the form of a new and immense cotton press, having a compressing power greater than any similar machine now in use in this country. The dimensions of the cylinder are 75 inches diameter and 10 feet stroke of piston, and by an improvement patented by the company, the power will be carried to ten cumulations. This, with 125 pounds of steam, will put a net pressure of about 2,200 tons upon a bale of cotton after deducting loss from friction. The frame of the press will be entirely of iron, and to sustain this enormous pressure the lifting rods will be of the best wrought iron, twelve inches in diameter, weighing over six tons each. This press will also have other improvements, patents for which have been applied for.

The executive committee of the sixth congressional district have decided to call the convention together at Milledgeville on the sixth day of September. They urge the county committees of the district to organize the party as soon as possible and to appoint suitable and energetic canvassers in each militia district.

Clay county recommended Colonel Hardeman for United States senator, and instructed its delegates to vote for Gen. Colquitt, and Burke also sends Colquitts. This leaves only Dodge, Rabun, Towns, Miller, Bartow and Union to hear from.

FACT AND COMMENT.

That honesty is the best Indian policy is admitted now on all sides.

Two bales of new cotton, one from Louisiana and one from Texas, have reached New York.

It is said that Mr. Tilden is waiting for congress to adjourn before he writes his letter of acceptance.

Because of the centennial stranger within her gates, Philadelphia will cut most of her preachers off from their summer vacation.

The revisers of the authorized version of the New Testament have reached the end of the second Epistle to the Thessalonians.

Several Baltimore physicians say that many diseases are caused by soap, the grease for which is obtained from unhealthy animals.

The cabinet is being put upon a campaign footing, says the Portsmouth Times. Honest men to the rear.

Mrs. Gen. Custer is anxious to have some one provide homes for a pack of stag ounds and a pack of fox hounds belonging to her late lamented husband.

Congressman Seelye has accepted the presidency of Amherst college. Amherst gains an able and accomplished president, and congress loses a "scholar in politics."

Here is a hot shot from the Albany Argus: The republican party has never taken any practical steps toward the resumption of specie payments. That is left for the democracy to do.

A fortune of $50,000,000, derived principally from Mexican mines, was left by Don Manuel Laverde, of Curtanza, who recently died in Paris at the age of 32.

The Cincinnati Enquirer has information that the republican leaders hired men to hoist confederate banners in the south with the names of Tilden and Hendricks inscribed thereon.

When the yacht Mohawk was sunk, Miss Edith May, Jim Bennett's fiance, was passed out of a cabin window, and saved herself by swimming. Bennett ought to be proud of her.

The new century makes a very poor start off—is not much more enterprising than the old. Fiends are still permitted to take presidential votes on steamboats and railroad trains without being killed on the spot by the outraged passengers. "Reform is necessary."

Edward S. Stokes, since his transfer from Sing Sing to Auburn prison, has been treated like a convict. He sleeps in a cell, eats prison fare, and is to be employed as a packer in the collar shop. He entreated the storekeeper not to compel him to wear an ill-fitting pair of striped trousers.

The Frankfort (Ky.) Yeoman is responsible for the statement that Governor Tilden "is engaged to be married to an accomplished and beautiful lady, a native of Kentucky, at present residing in Alabama, and that they will probably fulfill their engagement before the ides of November have come and gone."

We are getting in our vengeance on the Indians after all. A young lady visited the fort near St. Augustine, Florida, a few days ago, to see the Indians camped there, and, in learning to shoot a bow and arrow, accidentally sent a whizzing arrow into the side of the too confiding redskin. An army with pannies would crush sitting Bull.

Municipal indebtedness is attracting attention in England as it is already doing in the United states. Several discussions have taken place in the house of Commons up on propositions to restrict the liberty of municipal organizations to incur debt, and it is possible that the permission of parliament may in future be necessary to the incurrence of any debt. The combined municipal debts of England amount to $482,500,000 as a year, an increase over last year of $12,500,000. London's debt is $60,000,000 and Liverpool, Manchester, Leeds and Bradford together owe $72,500,000.

The election of Rev. Dr. W. S. Perry as Episcopal bishop of Iowa has been confirmed by a majority of the standing committees of the dioceses of the United States. Bishop Smith of Kentucky, the senior bishop of the Episcopal church in this country, has been informed of the fact, and requested to take measures to have the ceremony of consecration performed in Dr Perry's church at Geneva, N. Y.

The French have responded generously to the Paris loan, 54 times the amount required having been subscribed. As the bonds issued at 93, pay only a fraction over four per cent, it is evident that capital continues cheap and abundant in France. In this instance however, allowance must be made for the intense desire of the people to beautify the national capital and remove the traces of the commune's destructive rage.

The soundest railroad managers are now prepared to state positively that hereafter no railroad company can expect to be prosperous unless with a well built steel line. The trouble and expense in constant repairing and replacing through the use of the iron rail, required the cost to be added to the transportation of passengers and freight. None are astonished at the advantages as much as those who have gone furthest in the use of steel rails.

Mr. Forsyth said in parliament in a recent debate that the present law of marriage in Scotland was a crying scandal. At present, if a man and woman in Scotland, perhaps half tipsy, said before a witness, "This is my husband," it was a lawful marriage. There was a well known story of the eldest son of a Scotch peer who, having quarreled with his father, went into a house of bad repute in Edinburg and acknowledged a woman there as his wife. This was held to be a good marriage, and he was tied to this woman for life.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Vital weakness or depression: a weak exhausted feeling, no energy or courage: the result of **mental over-work, indiscretion or excesses,** or some drain upon the system, is always cured by **HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28.** It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy—stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price, $1 00 per single vial, or $5.00 per package of five vials and $3 00 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address **HUMPHREYS' HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINE COMPANY,** 562 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

june23—deod&wly

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CELEBRATED

PRONOUNCED BY CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE **"ONLY GOOD SAUCE,"** And applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.

EXTRACT of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

Worcestershire Sauce

LEA & PERRINS'

SIGNATURE IS ON EVERY BOTTLE.

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JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, NEW YORK.

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LONGLEY & ROBINSON,

Contractors and Builders

AND PROPRIETORS OF

THE PHŒNIX MILL.

DEALERS and Manufacturers of all kinds of Building Materials, such as DOORS, SASH, etc., (both White and Yellow Pine,) Mantels, Newells, Ceiling, Weather Boarding, Fence Materials, and all kinds of Finishing Lumber. Also, SHINGLES, LATHES etc.

Orders will also be taken fo all kinds of CUSTOM WORK, such as Door and Window Frames, Scroll and Turned Work, Brackets etc. All orders will receive prompt attention.

We will guarantee our prices as low as the lowest, and respectfully solicit a liberal share of patronage.

Sales Room and Office,

IN THE

MARKHAM HOUSE

LOYD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

feb25—d1tf

Centennial Exhibition

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THE GREAT INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, DESIGNED TO COMMEMORATE the ONE HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY OF AMERICAN INDEPENDENCE, WILL OPEN MAY 10th AND CLOSE NOVEMBER 10th, 1876. All the Nations of the world and all the States and Territories of the Union will participate, bringing together the most comprehensive collection of art treasures, mechanical inventions, scientific discoveries, manufacturing achievements, mineral specimens, and agricultural products ever exhibited. The grounds devoted to the Exhibition are situated on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad and embrace four hundred and fifty acres of Fairmount Park, all highly improved and ornamented, on which are erected the largest buildings ever constructed—five of these covering an area of fifty acres and costing $6,000,000. The total number of buildings erected for the purpose of the Exhibition is over one hundred.

The Pennsylvania Railroad

THE GREAT TRUNK LINE

AND FAST

Mail Route of the United States,

will be most direct, convenient and economical way of reaching Philadelphia and this great Exhibition from all sections of the country. Its trains to and from Philadelphia will pass through a GRAND CENTENNIAL DEPOT, which the Company have erected at the Main Entrance to the Exhibition Grounds for the accommodation of passengers who wish to stop at or start from the numerous large hotels contiguous to this station and the Exhibition—a convenience of the greatest value to visitors, and afforded exclusively by the Pennsylvania Railroad, which is THE ONLY LINE RUNNING DIRECT TO THE CENTENNIAL BUILDINGS. Excursion trains will also stop at the Encampment of the Patriots of Hasbaugh's, at Elm Station, on this road.

THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD IS THE GREATEST RAILWAY ORGANIZATION IN THE WORLD. IT CONTROLS SEVEN THOUSAND MILES OF ROADWAY, FORMING CONTINUOUS LINES TO PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON, OVER WHICH LUXURIOUS DAY AND NIGHT CARS ARE RUN FROM CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, LOUISVILLE, CINCINNATI, INDIANAPOLIS, COLUMBUS, TOLEDO, CLEVELAND AND ERIE, WITHOUT CHANGE.

Its main line is laid with double and third tracks of heavy steel rails, upon a deep bed of broken stone ballast, and its bridges are all of iron or stone. Its passenger trains are equipped with every known improvement for comfort and safety, and are run at greater speed—for greater distances than the trains of any line on the continent. The Company has largely increased its equipment for Centennial travel, and will be prepared to build in its own shops locomotives and passenger cars at short notice sufficient to fully accommodate any extra demand. The unequalled resources at the command of the Company guarantee the most perfect accommodation for all its patrons during the Centennial Exhibition.

THE MAGNIFICENT SCENERY for which the Pennsylvania Railroad is so justly celebrated presents to the traveler over its perfect roadway an ever-changing succession of river, mountain and landscape views unequalled in America.

THE EATING-STATIONS on this line are unsurpassed. Meals will be furnished at suitable hours and ample time allowed for enjoying them.

EXCURSION TICKETS, at reduced rates, will be sold at all principal Railroad Ticket Offices in the West, North-West, South-West.

BE SURE THAT YOUR TICKETS READ VIA THE GREAT PENNSYLVANIA ROUTE TO THE CENTENNIAL.

FRANK THOMPSON, D. M. BOYD, Jr.,
General Manager. Gen'l Pass'r Agent
may22—d1aw

Centennial Route.

THE PEOPLE'S FAVORITE

LOUISVILLE & CINCINNATI

SHORT LINE

RAILROAD.

THE QUICKEST, BEST AND ONLY ROUTE With which Passengers from the South make direct connection at Louisville with

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

To Pittsburg, Harrisburg, Philadelphia.

New York

And other Eastern Cities

WITHOUT CHANGE

Arriving many hours in advance of all other Lines. Connections made at Cincinnati with all Lines running

Pullman & Wagner

PALACE SLEEPERS.

To Toledo, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Baltimore, Washington Sandusky, Cleveland Buffalo, Albany, Salamanca, and New York

Without Change

This is the only Lane running its entire trains from Louisville to Cincinnati, and the only Line by which passengers from the South en route to Eastern and Northern Cities can avoid a tedious haul through Louisville by changing cars at Short Lane Junction with L. & G. R. R., three miles south of the city, where they can be served with

An Excellent Meal

at Rufer's Dining Hall, at all hours.

THROUGH SLEEPERS

from New New Orleans, Mobile, Jacksonville, Atlanta Little Rock, Memphis, Montgomery, and Nashville, make direct connection at Short Line Junction with through Sleepers to New York and other Eastern Cities via this Line.

During the Centennial

Exhibition at Philadelphia, this Line will sell Excursion Tickets at

Greatly Reduced Rates.

ASK FOR TICKETS VIA

LOUISVILLE & THE SHORT LINE

The only Line running through cars to Eastern Cities. For safe at the Ticket Offices in the South and Southwest.

JOHN MAC LEOD, Gen'l Sup't
S. S. PARKER,
G. P. & P. Agent. Louisville Ky
jan2—d1y

Miscellaneous.

JOSEPH GORDON,

House and Sign Painter,

No. 24 Peachtree street,

ATLANTA, ... GEORGIA

COUUTRY Orders solicited and promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. aug26—d1y

Tried by Fire and Found not Wanting

J. L. VARNER,

Fire and Life Insurance Agent,

CUTHBERT, GA.

REPRESENTS the old and reliable Liverpool and London and Globe, and the most substantial American companies. Insurance placed at lowest rates and losses promptly paid.

feb6, 1876—d1y

To the Suffering Public!

DR HOOVER Chiropodist, Atlanta, Ga., will remove all suffering blemishes, such as Corns, Bunions, In-Grown Toe Nails, even where they are beneath the flesh, with but little pain. The operation leaves no sores, and shoes can afterwards be worn with ease and comfort.

He can be found at the Kimball House from 9 to 10 and 3 to 4 o'clock.

All orders left with the clerks, promptly attended to. may14-tf

Origin of Man.

A LITTLE BOOK of 47 pages. Consists of an argument proving the PRE-EXISTENCE of the human SOUL, a reply to DARWINIANISM, SPIRITUALISM, &c., &c. By James P. Simmons, of Norcross, Georgia.

Regular price, 25 cents. But to all PREACHERS of the Gospel, 10 cents. Postage paid. Liberal deduction made to Book Dealers. For sale by Phillips & Crew, and J. B. Scarratt, Atlanta, Ga.

july4—d1m

PAINTING & GRAINING

D. F. HOLLOWAY IS PREPARED TO DO all kinds of

House and Sign Painting.

Also, GRAINING, and respectfully solicits orders for the same in city and country. Satisfaction guaranteed. Office, second door from the corner of Alabama and Pryor streets, next Station House. apr18—d3m

RHEUMATISM.

ONE (1) BOTTLE OF

Dr. Russell's Rheumatic Remedy

WILL always cure an attack of Inflammatory Rheumatism, if taken within 10 or 15 days after the attack occurs. Price, $5 per pint bottle. 43 Broad street, Atlanta, Georgia.

jan25—d3m4thp

CARRIAGES,

HOME INDUSTRY.

GO TO SMITH, 48 Broad street, for any kind of vehicle. Smith guarantees his work. None but first-class mechanics employed. No shoddy work.

feb20—

RHEUMATISM.

DR RUSSELL'S

RHEUMATIC REMEDY

CURES Rheumatism and Neuralgia without fail. It also corrects Indigestion, cures Dyspepsia, Purifies the Blood and renovates the entire system. Price, $5 per pint bottle. 43 Broad street Atlanta Ga.

aug24—16m1sto

Brick for Sale.

200,000 BRICK always on hand at Reduced Prices. I am also prepared to BUILD ROCK or BRICK MASONRY at short notice and prices to suit the times. Call on

PAT LYNCH

Builder and Contractor,

or leave orders at J. J. & P. W. R. R.'s, No. 41 Decatur street. 4—d3m

Sale of Impounded Cattle.

I WILL sell to the highest cash bidder, at the Station House, on the 28th instant, one Cow, now in the City Pound, unless previously redeemed by the owner.

J. A. ANDERSON,
july22—d1w Chief of Police.

Oakland Cemetery.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE,
ATLANTA, GA., June 1st, 1876.

BY COUNCILMAN GRAY:

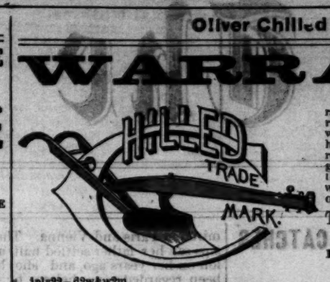
Resolved, That sixty days notice be given by publication, once a week, in THE DAILY CONSTITUTION, to all parties who have failed to pay the purchase money on their burial lots in the City Cemetery; and unless the same be paid in full within six months after the first publication, the said lots will be sold to other parties, and a lot be set aside for the purpose of reinterring the bodie removed from unpaid lots; it will, however, be at the discretion of the Council to allow title or not, without further payment, when it is shown that the party or parties owning a lot are unfortunately unable to pay, or where there may be no person who can legally represent those buried on such lots.

I hereby certify that the above is a true and correct transcript from the regular minutes of the Mayor and General Council, and was adopted by them at a regular meeting held in the Council Chamber, May 1st, 1876.

FRANK T. RYAN,
jun City Clerk.

Oliver Chilled Plow.

WARRANTY

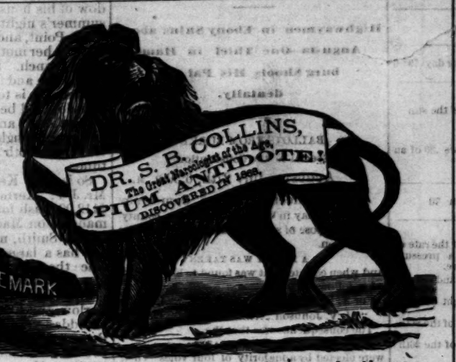


The OLIVER CHILLED PLOW is warranted to do good work over any soil and run lighter than any plow in use. Can be plowed with one, two, or three horses. Can be easily handled and adjusted to suit. Does not corrode, work well in hard ground, and give good satisfaction. After two days' trial in the field, if it fails to prove equal to this warranty, the plow can then be returned at our expense. Send your orders to

THOS. M. CLARKE & CO.,
Agents for the Chilled Plow, and
HARDWARE DEALERS,
ATLANTA, GA.

july22—d2w&w2m

Opium Antidote.



Address, DR. S. B. COLLINS, La Porte, Indiana,
For Quarterly Magazine, and Test of Time—Sent Free.

Florida Free Lands

CHOICE HOMESTEADS

—IN—

ORANGE COUNTY

—WITHIN—

Three Miles of Railroad Transportat'n

Lands Unsurpassed for Fruits Farming.

OFFICE SOUTH FLORIDA LAND AGENCY,
FORT MASON, Orange County Florida.

THE undersigned have entered into a business arrangement for the purpose of locating settlers on Public Lands (either the United States or State) in this and adjoining counties.

Located in the most delightful portions of Orange county, in a section of territory conceded by all to be the best adapted to the culture of the orange and kindred fruits, and thoroughly acquainted with all the lands in this vicinity, we are better able to give information concerning the lands still vacant than any others engaged in the land business in this county.

The railroad now in course of construction connecting the St. John's river at Lake George with Lakes Harris, Eustis, Griffin, Dora and the other head waters of the Oclawaha river, will furnish all surrounding lands with ample transportation facilities and place settlers within easy distance of the Northern and Eastern markets.

The Climatic Advantages

of this section of territory are so well known as scarcely to need recapitulation. Vegetables and tropical fruits can be grown throughout the year without danger from cold. The severest frosts of this lake region do not injure vegetation, as was proven during the past winter, when the frost killed early vegetables at considerable distances south of us and left this region untouched—not a blade of grass being injured.

Homesteads near the Railroad.

We are now prepared to locate settlers on the public lands in close proximity to the railroad One of the undersigned (Mr JOHN S. BANKS), has just completed a thorough survey of a large tract of United States lands, situated within three to six miles distance from the railroad. These lands are not only admirably adapted to the culture of oranges, but are also excellent for farming purposes, and can be easily brought into cultivation, the old settlers in the vicinity raising an abundant supply of corn, cotton, sugar, etc., upon them.

Get a Homestead Now.

Parties who propose settling in Florida will find it greatly to their advantage to obtain to homesteads during the summer months, and thus avoid the rush of the fall months. Those desiring to locate near the railroad can obtain

One Hundred and Sixty Acres Free

if their entry is made before the completion of the road. After its completion, which will be some time this coming fall, they will not be permitted to enter more than eighty acres. Persons locating during this summer can also get their lands in readiness for a crop of early vegetables next winter, and thus be enabled to realize a profit from the lands immediately. We are now

Prepared to Locate Homesteads,

singly or in colonies, at moderate rates, and in every case we guarantee complete satisfaction. No lands will be located by us until one of us have thoroughly surveyed them, and in all cases our patrons shall be given the best tracts of which we have any knowledge, without favoritism or partiality being shown to any one.

State Lands.

We are also prepared to locate, survey and purchase any desired quantity of State lands, and will perform this work, either for a specific price in money or for an agreed upon per centum of land. We now have some choice pieces of State land marked out on our maps, which have been surveyed by us, and which are among the best lands of this State.

Further Details

can be obtained by addressing (with stamp enclosed for reply) the undersigned. Prompt attention given to all letters.

BANKS & ST. CLAIR-ABRAMS,
Fort Mason, Orange county, Florida.

To My Friends in Georgia, Alabama and South Carolina.

In response to many letters received by me, I have entered into a business arrangement with Mr JOHN S. BANKS for the purpose of locating settlers on the public lands of this and adjoining States. Mr. BANKS is a practical surveyor of many years' experience, and possess a thorough knowledge of the public lands, having been United States Register of Public Lands in this State. We have explored and surveyed a considerable tract of these lands, and we are now prepared to locate settlers on

Choice Homesteads.

Many persons have written me expressing a desire to move to this State during the present year. These I would advise to OBTAIN THEIR HOMESTEADS NOW. In the fall months the rush of Northern settlers is so great that it is difficult to obtain choice homesteads; whereas, at present the travel is light, and one can select a place with greater ease. In addition, the large tract of homestead lands contiguous to the railroad, recently surveyed and opened up for settlement by Mr. BANKS, if not entered this summer, will inevitably be taken up by the first influx of Northern travelers next fall. As my desire (without prejudice to Northern settlers) is to invite the numerous citizens of the States above named to choice homesteads, while able to do so, I urge them to make the selections at once, and thus secure valuable and eligible homes in this State.

ALEX'R ST. CLAIR-ABRAMS,
Fort Mason, Orange county, Florida.

july18—d1aw6thsatmo

Fulton Sheriff's Sales for September.

WILL be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in September, 1876, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

A lot of type, material, engine and boiler, fixtures and furniture, now stored in the basement of the Times office, No. 22 Pryor Road street, Atlanta, Georgia. Levied on as the property of Abrams & Fitzpatrick, by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of R. Toombs vs Abrams & Fitzpatrick. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney, and in mortgage fi fa.

A. M. PERKERSON,
july11—d1amtd Sheriff

Fulton Sheriff's Sales for August.

WILL be sold before the court house door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in August, 1876, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

All that tract of land in the city of Atlanta, fronting Neal on Spring street 84 feet, and running back east along Simpson street 100 feet, being bounded on the north by Simpson street, and west Spring street. Said tract of land being part of land lot No 78, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county. Levied on as the property of T W Bidgood and Leah H. Bidgood, by virtue of and to satisfy five fi fas issued from the justice's court of the 1026th district, G. M., in favor of John Neal vs T W Bidgood and Lean H. Bidgood. Levied made by J R Thompson, T. C. and handed to me

Also, at the same time and place, a city lot in the city of Atlanta, situated on the north east corner of a block known as Ellis' garden, fronting fifty feet on Fort street in the fourth ward of said city and extending back along Houston street, same width, one hundred and fifty feet (it being a corner lot), being part of land lot No. 82 in the fourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of W. D. Ellis by virtue of and to satisfy two fi fas issued from the justice's court of the 1284th district G M, one in favor of Banks & Dorsey, and one in favor of A. C. & B. F. Wyly, each against W. D Ellis; also to satisfy a state and county tax fi fas against W D Ellis for the year 1874.

Also, at the same time and place a part of land lot No 15 in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga. commencing at the northwest corner of said land lot No 15, running east along the north line of said lot to the width of the common road leading to Durand's mill, thence southwesterly along the middle of said road to a stake, along the west line of said lot, thence along the west line to the beginning containing thirty acres more or less. Said land being vacant at date of levy, August 2, 1869. Levied on as the property of James T Lewis by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Inferior court in favor of Cicero H Chandler vs James T Lewis, maker, and Thomas M Clark, endorser. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorneys.

Also, at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the state of Georgia, fronting on the south side of Mitchell street, 57 feet more or less, and running back on a straight line fronting Mitchell street 81 feet on the southeastern side, thence running in a parallel line with the front 57 feet, thence running on a diagonal line 49 feet to an alley ten feet wide, thence running on a straight line toward Mitchell street to a point 28 feet from front, thence on a parallel line with the front 21 feet, and thence on a straight line towards Mitchell street 34 feet, adjoining McArthur's up party, and being part of land lot No 77 of the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county. Levied on as the property of John R Koss by virtue of and to satisfy a mortgage fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Lizzie K Guilford vs John F Ross. Property pointed out in mortgage fi fa.

Also, at the same time and place, all that lot or parcel of land in the 17th district of originally Henry now Fulton county known and distinguished in the plan of said district as part of land lot No 191 and bounded as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of said lot, running west to the railroad, thence to the first branch west, thence down said branch until it will include eighty-one acres of said lot. Levied on as the property of George Edwards by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of John Haworth vs George Edwards. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney.

Also, at the same time and place, three city lots Nos. 12, 14 and 16, in the city of Atlanta, Ga., and all improvements thereon, said lots front 60 feet, more or less, on Alabama street and run back 60 feet, more or less, to Hunter street, said property is known as the Atlanta News Association office. Levied on as the property of Emily Roberts, by virtue of and to satisfy three fi fas issued from the justice's court of the 1026th district G M, in favor of Stephens & Flynn vs Emily Roberts. Levies made by Frank D Little, L C, and handed to me.

Also, at the same time and place, a certain house and lot in the city of Atlanta, situated on Tan Yard Alley leading from Peachtree street to Tan Yard, and now occupied by defendant, containing one half of an acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of W B B Richards, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa

MY WIFE AND CHILD.

BY GEN. HENRY R. JACKSON.

The twilight hour:—the light and shade;—
The flowing round in silvery tide;—
The stars, with solemn pace, move on;—
The shadows thicken o'er the skies;—
But sleep my weary eyes hath flown,
And sad uneasy thoughts arise.

I think of thee, Oh! dearest one!
Whose love mine early life hath blessed;—
Of thee and him—my boy, my son—
Who slumbers on thy gentle breast;—
Watch tender, fresh and lone,
God of the sad the tender sleeper's rest!
Oh! guard my boy and hover near
And h ver, ge the doubly dear,
To me, her, wife, dear heart have freshly met
In whose young hearts deep and clear—
Two streams of love are yet
And chea
Now as she kneels before Thy throne,
Oh! teach her, Ruler of the skies,
That, while by Thy behest I roam,
Earth's mightiest powers fall or rise,
No tear is wept to Thee unknown,
No hair is lost, no sparrow dies!

That thou canst stay the ruthless hand
Of dark disease, and so the its pain;
That only by Thy stern command
The battle's lost the soldier's slain;
That from the distant sea or land
Thou bring'st the wanderer home again!

And when upon her pillow lone
Her tear wet cheek is sadly press'd,
May happier visions beam upon
The brightening currents of her breast,—
No crowning look, nor angry tone,
Disturb the Sabbath of her rest.

Whatever fate those forms may throw,
Love'd with a passion almost wild—
By day, by night—in joy, or woe—
By tears oppressed, or hopes beguiled—
From every danger, every foe,
Oh! God, protect my wife and child!

CAMARGO, MEXICO, 1846.

Georgia Gossip.

Dalton Enterprise

—The State road has resumed its suspended freight schedule, giving employment to about thirty suspended men.

—The Normal school under the management of Profs. McIntosh and Scheller is proving a success, many pupils male and female being in attendance. We learn that this institution will give a grand concert abont the 9th of August, in which one hundred voices will participate.

—Wolves in great numders utter their nocturnal lamentations on Rocky Face.

Covington Star.

—The contract for building Brown's bridge was awarded to Wilkins & Post of Atlanta for $700.

—At the Red Oak grange fair, Hon. L. F. Livingston made a fine address. At the conclusion of Col. Livingston's address, Master Homer V. Hardwick aged 8 years, was lifted upon a table and favored the audience with an eloquent and first rate grange speech. His intonations were clear and distinct, so the large audionce could easily hear and understand him; his gestures were easy and graceful while his emphasis was impressive and effective, and proved him one of the coming orators of our great land.

Savannah News.

—Laurence Regular and Sam Brown, two darkies sentenced to be hung on the 25th for the murder of Chester Miller and John James, did not pay the penalty on the day prescribed because their cases have been carried up to the supreme court.

Columbus Enquirer-Sun.

—The Baptist shurch, colored, has taken back action about regarding fife playing on the streets as a sin, and Tom Rhodes has been restored as a deacon to the church. It was a kind of compromise measure. Some of the members went against Tom, as the women say, for Tom introduced a resolution some time before which passed, expelling those who went to parties where there was dancing.

Athens Georgian.

—Atlanta children of Athenian lineage are said to be remarkably fine looking. Several healthy specimens are now sojourning in our city.

—The annual grand convention of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon fraternity will be held in Athens, Friday and Saturday, 4th and 5th of August next.

Athens Watchman.

—Mr. James M. Smith, of Oglethorpe county, on a ten acre field grew seven hundred and eighty bushels of oats, of the rust-proof variety. There was an orchard in part of the field and a portion of the land was considerably washed.

Rome News.

—The execution of Haywood Grant cost Floyd county $500.

—Floyd superior court Reuben Dollar was arraigned for the murder of George Hilly in Chattooga county buy the case was dismissed because Hill lived over the one year and one day allowed by law. Dollar was then tried for assault and battery, but the evidence not being sufficient to convict the jury retrned a verdict of "not guilty."

—We noticed at the hop at Colonel Branham's Tuesday night the graceful and intelligent Misses Inman, the belle of Dalton. Miss Katie Carter, and the fair and gifted daughter of Memphis, Miss Bowles.

Gwinnett Herald.

—Typhoid fever is prevailing at Duabout p ross is a famous place for ciety of We understand that one meet ther bers sixty-three and the unveil the y scholars.

General Lett has 15,651 acres in cotton and 32,825 acres in corn; 5,842 sheep and 1735 dos.

Columbus Enquirer-Sun.

—We understand that the steamer Big Foot has been leased by the Central Line of boats for four years at $400 per month to run in the interest on our river.

Americus Republican.

—An other exquisite floral offering greeted our eyes yesterday morning while the early dews of Heaven yet sparkled upon their delicate petals like so many stars in the firmament.

MARRIED IN GEORGIA.

—Mellon Carter to Miss Susie Townsend of Whitfield county.

—E. J. Coats of Pickes to Miss Nellie Petticote of Gilmer county.

DIED IN GEORGIA.

—Mrs. T. A. Hammer of Buena Vista.

—Mrs John S. Allen of columbus.

—Capt J. W. Brooks of columbus.

—Mrs. W. H. Thurmond of Morgan county.

—Capt Andrew Hill off Athens.

—Claud Rawlins of Rome.

—S. D. Bennett of Spaulding county.

—Franklin Davis of Bauldwin county.

—Mrs. Franklin Cavis of Baldwin county.

—Mrs. F. J. Brown of Augusta.

The Rebellion of the Stomach.

The stomach obstinately rebels against all efforts to make it digest superbundant or indigestible food. When a fit of dyspepsia has been brought on by over-indulgence in the pleasures of the table, or any other cause, the invalid can obtain from Hostetter's Stomach Bitters prompter and more complete relief than from any other source. This admirable specific not only renders digestion active, but regulates the secretion and distribution of the bile, re-establishes a regular habit of body when costiveness exists, restores the appetite, soothes and invigorates the nerves, and, if taken before retiring, facilitates sleep. Under these happy conditions, the dyspeptic or bilious subject regains lost flesh, his spirits recover their elasticity, and all the various and harassing bodily and mental symptoms of indigestion disappear. july21-d1w&wis

STATE SAVINGS BANK,

No. 3 Kimball House, Wall Street.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Dr. G. W. HARDY.....President.
W. W. BELL.....Cashier.

Paid in Capital, $50,000

This Bank pays seven per cent. interest, compounded semi-annually, on savings deposits from one dollar to any amount.

It also issues certificates of deposit payable on demand, and bearing seven per cent interest if the money is left thirty days or longer.

june27—3m&w

NAT.ONAL DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

We, the delegates of the National Democratic Party of the United States in National Convention assembled, do hereby declare the administration of Federal Government to be in urgent need of reform We do hereby enjoin upon the nominees of this convention and of the democratic party in each state a zealous effort and co-operation to this end, and do hereby appeal to our fellow-citizens of every former political connect on to undertake with us this first and most pressing patriotic duty of the democracy of the whole country.

We do here affirm our faith in the permanency of the federa union, our devotion to the constitution of the United States, with its amendments universally accepted as a final settlement of the controversies that engendered civil war, and do hereby record our steadfa t confidence in perpetuity of republican self-government; in absolute acquiescence to the will of the majority—the vital principle of republics—in the supremacy of the civil over the military authority in the total separation of church and state for the sake alike of civil and religious freedom; in the equality of all citizens before the laws of their own enactment; in the liberty of individual conduct unvexed by sumptuary laws, in the faithful education of the rising generation, that they may preserve, enjoy and transmit these best conditions of human happiness and hope. We behold the noblest products of 100 years of change-ful history. But, while upholding the bond of our union and great charter of its rights it beh oves a free people to practice also that eternal vigilance which is the price of liberty. Reform is necessary to rebuild and establish in the hearts of the whole people of the union, eleve years ago happily rescued from the danger o a secession of tates, but now to be saved from corrupt centralism, which, after inflicting upon ten states the rapacity of carpet-bag tyrannies, has honey-combed the offices of the federal government itself with incapacity, waste and fraud, infected states and municipalities with the contagion of misrule and locked fast the prosperity of an industrious people in the paralysis of hard times.

Reform is necessary to establish a sound currency, restore the public credit and maintain the national honor.

We denounce the failure for all these eleven years to make good the promise of the legal tender notes, which are exchanging at a board of value in the hands of the people, and the non-payment of which is a disregard of the plighted faith of the nation.

We denounce the improvidence which, in eleven years of peace, has taken from the people in federal taxes thirteen times the amount of the legal tender notes, and squandered four times this sum in useless expenses, without accumulating any reserve for their redemption.

We denounce the financial imbecility and immorality of that party which, during eleven years of peace, has made no advance towards resumption; that has instead obstructed resumption by wasting our resources, exhausting all our surplus income and while annually professing to intend a speedy return to specie payments has annually enacted fresh hindrances thereto.

As such a hindrance we denounce the resumption clause of the act of 1875, and we here demand its repeal. We demand a judicious system of preparation by public economies, by official retrenchments, and by wise finance, which shall enable the nation soon to assure the whole world of its perfect ability and its perfect resolution to meet any of its promises at the call of the credit entitled to payment. We believe such a system well devised and above all entrusted to competent hands for ex cution, creating at no time an artificial scarcity of currency and at no time alarming the public mind into a withdrawal of that vaster machinery of credit by which ninety five per cent of all business transactions are performed.

A system open, public and in-piring general confidence, would, from the day of its adoption bring healing on its wings to all our harrassed industries, restore commerce to its channels

MY WIFE AND CHILD.

BY GEN. HENRY R. JACKSON.

The trees bend;—the light evening shine;—
The damp ground is silvered o'er;—
The night with solemn pace moves on;—
The shadows thicken o'er the skies;—
But sleep my weary eyes hath flown,
And sad uneasy thoughts arise.

I think of thee, Oh! dearest one!
Whose love mine early life hath blessed;—
Of thee and him—my baby son—
Who slumbers on thy gentle breast;
God of the tender, free and lone,
Oh! guard the tender sleeper's rest!

And hover near
To her, whose watchful eye is wet—
To mother, wife, the doubly dear,
In whose young heart have freshly met
Two streams of love so deep and clear—
And cheer her drooping spirits yet!

Now as she kneels before Thy throne,
Oh! teach her, Ruler of the skies,
That, while by Thy behest alone,
Earth's mightiest powers fall or rise,
No tear is wept to Thee unknown,
No hair is lost, no sparrow dies!

That thou canst stay the ruthless hand
Of dark disease, and soothe its pain;
That only by Thy stern command
The battle's lost the soldier's slain;
That from the distant sea or land—
Thou bring'st the wanderer home again!

And when upon her pillow lone
Her tear wet cheek is sadly pressed,
May happier visions beam upon
The brightening currents of her breast,—
No frowning look, nor angry tone,
Disturb the Sabbath of her rest.

Whatever fate those forms may throw,
Loved with a passion almost wild—
By day, by night—in joy, or woe—
By fears oppressed, or hopes beguiled—
From every danger, every foe,
Oh! God, protect my wife and child!

CAMARGO, MEXICO, 1846.

Georgia Gossip.

Dalton Enterprise

—The State road has resumed its suspended freight schedule, giving employment to about thirty suspended men.

—The Normal school under the management of Profs. McIntosh and Schoeler is proving a success, many pupils male and female being in attendance. We learn that this institution will give a grand concert abont the 9th of August, in which one hundred voices will participate.

—Wolves in great numders utter their nocturnal lamentations on Rocky Face.

Covington Star.

—The contract for building Brown's bridge was awarded to Wilkins & Post of Atlanta for $700.

—At the Red Oak grange fair, Hon. L. F. Livingston made a fine address. At the conclusion of Col. Livingston's address, Master Homer V. Hardwick aged 8 years, was lifted upon a table and favored the audience with an eloquent and first rate grange speech. His intonations were clear and distinct, so the large audience could easily hear and understand him; his gestures were easy and graceful while his emphasis was impressive and effective, and prove him one of the coming orators of our great land.

Savannah News.

—Laurence Regular and Sam Brown, two darkies sentenced to be hung on the 25th for the murder of Chester Miller and John James, did not pay the penalty on the day prescribed because their cases have been carried up to the supreme court.

Columbus Enquirer-Sun.

—The Baptist shurch, colored, has taken back action about regarding fife playing on the streets as a sin, and Tom Rhodes has been restored as a deacon to the church. It was a kind of compromise measure. Some of the members went against Tom, as the women say, for Tom introduced a resolution some time before which passed, expelling those who went to parties where there was daucing.

Athnes Georgian.

—Atlanta children of Athenian lineage are said to be remarkably fine looking. Several healthy specimens are now sojourning in our city.

—The annual grand convention of the Sigma Alpha Epsilon fraternity will be held in Athens, Friday and Saturday, 4th and 5th of August next.

Athens Watchman.

—Mr. James M. Smith, of Oglethorpe county, on a ten acre field grew seven hundred and eighty bushels of oats, of the rust-proof variety. There was an orchard in part of the field and a portion of the land was considerably washed.

Rome News.

—The execution of Haywood Grant cost Floyd county $500.

—Floyd superior court Reuben Dollar was arraigned for the murder of George Hilly in Chattooga county buy the case was dismissed because Hill lived over the one year and one day allowed by law. Dollar was then tried for assault and battery, but the evidence not being sufficient to convict the jury retrned a verdict of "not guilty."

—We noticed at the hop at Colonel Branham's Tuesday night the gracefuf and intelligent Misses Inman, the belle of Dalton. Miss Katie Carter, and the fair and gifted daughter of Memphis, Miss Bowles.

Gwinnett Herald.

—Typhoid fever is prevailing at Duncan about 1

—Society of Cross is a famous place for We understand that one meet the bers sixty-three and the unveil they scholars.

General Lett has 15,651 acres in cotton and 32,825 acres in corn; 5,842 sheep and 1735 dos.

Columbus Enquirer-Sun.

—We understand that the steamer Big Foot has been leased by the Central Line of boats for four years at $400 per month to run in the interest on our river.

Americus Republican.

—An other exquisite floral offering greeted our eyes yesterday morning while the early dews of Heaven yet sparkled upon their delicate petals like so many stars in the firmament.

MARRIED IN GEORGIA.

—Mellon Carter to Miss Susie Townsend of Whitfield county.

—E. J. Coats of Pickes to Miss Nellie Petticote of Gilmer county.

DIED IN GEORGIA.

—Mrs. T. A. Hammer of Buena Vista.

—Mrs John S. Allen of columbus.

—Capt J. W. Brooks of columbus.

—Mrs. W. H. Thurmond of Morgan county.

—Capt Andrew Hill off Athens.

—Claud Rawlins of Rome.

—S. D. Bennett of Spaulding county.

—Franklin Davis of Bauldwin county.

—Mrs. Franklin Cavis of Baldwin county.

—Mrs. F. J. Brown of Augusta.

The Rebellion of the Stomach.

The stomach obstinately rebels against all efforts to make it digest superbundant or indigestible food. When a fit of dyspepsia has been brought on by over-indulgence in the pleasures of the table, or any other cause, the invalid can obtain from Hostetter's Stomach Bitters prompter and more complete relief than from any other source. This admirable specific not only renders digestion active, but regulates the secretion and distribution of the bile, re-establishes a regular habit of body when costiveness exists, restores the appetite, soothes and invigorates the nerves, and, if taken before retiring, facilitates sleep. Under these happy conditions, the dyspepsic or bilious subject regains lost flesh, his spirits recover their elasticity, and all the various and harassing bodily and mental symptoms of indigestion disappear. july21-d1w&w1t

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No. 3 Kimball House, Wall Street.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
Dr. G W. HARDY.....President.
W. W. BELL.....Cashier.
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This Bank pays seven per cent. interest, compounded semi-annually, on savings deposits from one dollar to any amount.

It also issues certificates of deposit payable on demand, and bearing seven per cent interest if the money is left thirty days or longer.
june8—90d-b-c

NAT.ONAL DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

We, the delegates of the National Democratic Party of the United States in National Convention assembled, do hereby declare the administration of Federal Government to be in urgent need of reform. We do hereby enjoin upon the nominees of this convention and of the democratic party in each state a zealous effort and co-operation, to this end, and do hereby appeal to our fellow-citizens of every former political connect on to undertake with us this first and most pressing patriotic duty of the democracy of the whole country.

We do here affirm our faith in the permanency of the federa union, our devotion to the constitution of the United States, with its amendments universally accepted as a final settlement of the co troversies that engendered civil war, and do hereby record our steadfast confidence in perpetuity of republican self-government; in absolute acquiescence to the will of the majority—the vital principle of republics—in the supremacy of the civil over the military authority in the total separation of church and state for the sake alike of civil and religious freedom; in the equality of all citizens before the laws of their own enactment; in the liberty of individual conduct unvexed by sumptuary laws, in the faithful education of the rising generation, that they may preserve, enjoy and transmit these best conditions of human happiness and hope. We behold the noblest products of 100 years of changeful history. But, while upholding the bond of our union and great charter of large and equal rights it behooves a free people to practice also that eternal vigilance which is the price of liberty. Reform is necessary to rebuild and establish in the hearts of the whole people of the union, eleven years ago happily rescued from the danger of a secession of states, but now to be saved from corrupt centralism, which, after inflicting upon ten states the rapacity of carpet-bag tyranies, has honey-combed the offices of the federal government itself with incapacity, waste and fraud, infected states and municipalities with the contagion of misrule and locked fast the prosperity of an industrious people in the paralysis of hard times.

Reform is necessary to establish a sound currency, restore the public credit and maintain the national honor.

We denounce the failure for all these eleven years to make good the promise of the legal tender notes, which are a changing standard of value in the hands of the people, and the non-payment of which is a disregard of the plighted faith of the nation.

We denounce the improvidence which, in eleven years of peace, has taken from the people in federal taxes thirteen times the amount of the legal tender notes, and squandered four times this sum in useless expense, without accumulating any reserve for their redemption.

We denounce the financial imbecility and immorality of that party which, during eleven years of peace, has made no advance towards resumption; that has instead obstructed resumption by wasting our resources, exhausting all our surplus income and while annually professing to intend a speedy return to specie payments has annually enacted fresh hindrances thereto.

As such a hindrance we denounce the resumption clause of the act of 1875, and we here demand its repeal. We denounce the ruinous system of preparation by public economies, by official retrenchments, and by wise finance, which shall enable the nation soon to assume the whole world of its perfect ability and its perfect readiness to meet any of its promises at the call of the credit entitled to payment. We believe such a system well devised and above all entrusted to competent hands for execution, creating at no time an artificial scarcity of currency and at no time alarming the public mind into a withdrawal of that vaster machinery of credit by which ninety five per cent of all business transactions are performed.

A system open, public and inspiring general confidence, would, from the day of its adoption bring healing on its wings to all our harrassed industry and set in motion the wheels of commerce, manufactures and the mechanical arts restore employment to labor, and renew, in all its national source, the prosperity of the people.

Reform is necessary in the sum and mode of federal taxation to the end that capital may be set free from distrust and labor lightly burdened.

We denounce the present tariff, levied upon nearly 4,00 articles, as a masterpiece of injustice, inequality and false pretence. It yields a dwindling not a yearly rising revenue. It has impoverished many industries to subsidize a few. It prohibits imports that might purchase the products of American labor. It has degraded a american commerce from the first, to an inferior rank on the high seas. It has cut down the sale of American manufacturers at home and abroad, and depleted the returns of American agriculture, an industry followed by half our people. It costs the people five times more than it produces to the treasury, obstructs the processes of production, and wastes the fruits of labor. It promotes fraud and fosters smuggling, enriches dishonest officials and bankrupts honest merchants

We demand that all custom house taxation shall be for revenue only

Reform is necessary in the scale of public expenses federal, state and municipal. Our federal taxation has swollen from $60,000 000 gold, in 1860, to $45 0 000,000, currency, in 18.6; or, in a decade, from less than $5 per head to more than $18 per head

Since the peace, the people have paid to their tax gatherers more than thrice the sum of the national debt, and more than twice that sum for the federal government alone.

We demand rigorous frugality in every department and in every officer of the government

Reform is necessary to put a stop to the profligate waste of public lands and their diversion from actual settlers, by the party in power which has squandered 200,000,000 of acres upon railroads alone, an area of more than three times that aggregate had a deed of less than a sixth directly to the tiller of the soil.

Reform is necessary to correct the omissions of the republican congress, and the errors of our treaties, and our diplomacy, which have stripped our fellow citizens of foreign birth and kindred race recrossing the Atlantic of the shield of American citizenship, and have exposed our brethren of the Pacific coast to the incursions of a race not sprung from the same great parent stock, and in fact, now by law denied citizenship through naturalization, as being neither accustomed to the traditions of a progressive civilization nor exercised in liberty under equal laws.

We denounce the policy which thus discards the liberty loving German, and tolerates the revival of the coolie trade in Mongolian women imported for immoral purposes, and Mongolian men hired to perform servile labor contracts, and demand such modification of the treaty with the Chinese empire, or such legislation by congress with in a constitutional limitation as shall prevent the further importation or immigration of the Mongolian race.

Reform is necessary and can never be effected but by making it the controlling issue of the elections and lifting it above the two fa se issues with which the office-holding class and the party in power seek to smother it—the false issue with which they would enkindle sectional strife in respect to the public schools, of which the establishment and support belongs exclusively to the several states, and which the democratic party has cherished from their foundation, and resolved to maintain without party liberality or preference for any class, or creed, and without contribution from their treasury to any of them; and the false issue by which they seek to light anew the dying embers of sectional hate between kindred peoples once estrangled but now reunited in one indivisible republican and a common destiny.

Reform is necessary in the civil service. Experience proves that efficient economical conduct of the governmental business is not possible if its civil service be subject to change at every election, be a prize fought for at the ballot box, be a brief reward of party zeal instead of posts of honor assigned for proved competency and held for fidelity in the public employ; that the dispensing of patronage should neither be a tax upon the time of all our public men nor the instrument of their ambition. Here again we desire as far as failed in the performance—at least that the party in power can work out no practical or salutary reform.

Reform is necessary even more in the higher grades of the public service. Presidents, vice president, judges, senators, representatives, cabinet officers, these and all others in authority are the people's servants. Their offices are not a private perquisite, they are a public trust. When the annals of the republic show the disgrace and censure of a vice president; a late speaker of the house of representatives marketing his rulings as a presiding officer; three senators profiting secretly by their votes as lawmakers; five chairmen of the leading committees of the late house of representatives exposed in jobbery; a late secretary of the treasury forcing balances in the public accounts; a late attorney general misappropriating public funds; a secretary of the navy enriched by percentages levied off the profits of contractors with his department; an ambassador to England censured in a dishonorable speculation; the president's private secretary barely escaping conviction upon trial for guilty complicity in frauds upon the revenue; a secretary of war impeached for high crimes and confessed misdemeanors, the demonstration is complete, that the first step in reform must be the people's choice of honest men from another party lest the disclosure of one political organization infest the body politic, and lest by making no change of men or party we can get no change of measure and no reform.

All these abuses, wrongs and crimes, the product of sixteen years' ascendency of the republican party create a necessity for reform confessed by republicans themselves, but their reformers are voted down in convention and displaced from the cabinet. The party's mass of honest voters are powerless to resist the 10,000 officeholders, its leaders and guides.

Reform can only be had by a peaceful civic revolution. We demand a change of system a change of administration, a change of parties that we may have a change of measures and o men.

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Special Notices.

Thrash's Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer.

CENTRAL RAILROAD & BANK'S CO., OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, GA., June 4th, 1876.

Messrs. J. T. Thrash & Co., Griffin, Ga.:

GENTS—Please send me (as before) one largest size bottle of your "*Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer*"—true to name. It is the only remedy now extant for consumption and diseased throat and lungs. Other remedies, so numerously recommended, are but temporary palliatives, that do any good but for a short time, whilst your *Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer* gives relief at once and will permanently cure. My experience with remedies for the relief of the throat and lungs probably exceeds that of but very few persons, physicians or otherwise. I have been very near the point of dissolution of soul from its afflicted tenement; and have used every remedy ever heard of; the effect appeared only to procrastinate the sufferings of my mortal existence. Seeing Dr. Lovic Pierce's certificate of your medicine, and being well acquainted with the reverend doctor for nearly forty years, and consequently knew well his afflictions, concluded that your remedy might do me good, at least I had never used it, and as I had used every other remedy known or heard of, concluded at once to give it a trial. I sent to you for a bottle, you are aware, and after using it, I purchased more from Messrs. Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, his city. Before the first was exhausted I was fully convinced of its good effects; and after or out the time of the use of the last two, I could speak easily, and could *sing*; a thing I could not have done for three years or longer; and have been able to lie down comfortably and sleep soundly, a comfort that I had not enjoyed for a long time. I have been using the remedy about twenty days, and unhesitatingly certify that it is a *cure for consumption* and all affections of the throat. My lungs commenced exhibiting signs of disease in March, 1876, the result of *measles*, a cough ensued and continued to grow worse. April, 1874, I was so feeble that I could not attend to business of any sort, and was forced to give up and come to Atlanta that I might be near my good old mother to breathe out my last on earth: the *never-tiring* attention of *that mother* and your *Consumption Cure and Lung Restorer* has saved me and I now feel as if my life might be spared me several years longer, Indian remedies, German remedies, and French remedies to the contrary. Respectfully,

JOHN H. MEAD.

For sale by Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, Pinson & Holt, and Theo Schumann.
june23—deod&wtf

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CURES
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Been in general use for twenty years.
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An illustrated work 275 pages, a private counselor to the married and marriageable, on the mysteries of the sexual system, its abuses, etc. Many discoveries in the science of reproduction; how to be truly happy in the married relation. Male and female, young and middle aged, should read and preserve it. It contains information, which no one can afford to be without; on how to preserve the health, and complexion, and prevents faded cheeks the freshness of youth; the best and only true Marriage Guide in the world. Price 50 cts by Mail. The author may be consulted personally or mail on any of the subjects mentioned in his work.
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Schools and Colleges

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July5-deod&w Col. A. COWARD, Principal.

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MOUNT DE CHANTAL
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PARENTS in quest of a first-class school for their daughters, will do well to investigate the claims of this celebrated Academy. For thoroughness in every department of female education, Mt. de Chantal ranks pre-eminently high. Great attention is given to perfect the pupils in writing and speaking French with fluency. For those sufficiently advanced it is the language of their text-books. The purity of accent and correctness of pronunciation acquired in this Institution have been a subject of surprise to the native Parisian. The renown for the superiority in music is so wide spread as to have made this Academy almost a music one. One feature, in particular, that should recommend Mt. de Chantal to the sensible parent, is the influence exercised to form the pupils to views and habits of economy, and to render them really practical and useful women of society in after years. Simplicity in dress is enforced by rule.
These facts, united to the exceedingly moderate rates of board and tuition ($80 per annum,) will we trust, secure to this school as large a patronage in the future as it has enjoyed in the past.
For further particulars apply for prospectus to the Directress of Mount de Chantal Academy of the Visitation, near Wheeling, West Virginia.
jan1—d2tawly

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FALL TERM opens on second Thursday in August. Tuition for term, $9, $15 or $21, according to grade of studies pursued.
Board can be had in private families at reasonable rates.
Both sexes received.
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PARLOR BOARDERS or young ladies who desire PRIVATE apartments limited to fourteen.
YOUNG LADIES, whose health requires SPECIAL PRIVILEGES, can be accomodated at a first-class country residence located on the grounds, provided positive applications are made before the 25th of August.
Educational advantages are the same for all.
For particulars, send for Catalogue.
july1—d10w

Augusta Female Seminary
STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.
The academic term of this institution begins on the first Wednesday in September, and closes on the corresponding day in June following. This is the largest first-class institution in Virginia for young ladies. It has a corps of twenty-five officers and teachers. The English course is extensive and thorough. Advantages for music, languages, drawing, and painting cannot be surpassed. For catalogue containing full particulars, apply to Miss MARY J. BALDWIN,
july18—d1m Principal.

Wanted—A School.
A LADY, with eight years experience in teaching Latin, French, Higher English branches, Mathematics and Music, desires a position in a college or high school. Best references given and required.
Address S., care Constitution office.
july23-d3w—sun tues thurs.

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A Boarding School for Boys,
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THE exercises of the next session will begin on the 14th of August. The members of the school board with the teacher and receive constant attention in their deportment. Diligence is required, and boys of bad character are returned to their friends. All of the influences which surround the students are elevating; the course of instruction is complete; the system of instruction is analytic. The Board of Trustees of University of Georgia offer to the member of this school, standing highest, free tuition for three years in the University.
Board and Tuition, Fall Session, $104 in *advance*. Library fee $1.
For circulars or information address Chas M. Neel, Box 498, Atlanta; or W. J. Northen, Mt. Zion, Ga. july23-d1m

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Rev. R. H. PHILLIPS, A. M., Rector, assisted by a large corps of experienced officers. Thirty-second annual session will commence Sept. 6th. Patronage represents nineteen states. Buildings spacious. Grounds extensive. Terms moderate. Churches of seven denominations within three minutes' walk. For catalogues, address the Rector, or Hon. H. W. SHEPPEY.
july18—d2taw1m&w1m

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july11—d&w2m Bellevue P. O.

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or REV. C. W. SMITH, D.D., Secretary.
july25—d2m

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Total expenses, exclusive of books and clothing, need not exceed $300; by messing they may be reduced to $200 or $230.
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HOLLINS' INSTITUTE,
BOTETOURT SPRINGS, VA.
Thirty-fourth annual session will open Sept. 15. Faculty of seven ladies and gentlemen, besides other competent assistants. Tuition, in all literary studies, with Latin and French, $25. The school is first-class, and enjoys the further advantages of mineral waters and mountain climate. Depot, Salem, A. M. & O. R. R. P. O., Botetourt Springs, Va. Circulars, with references to patrons in many states, sent on application. Young ladies proposing to attend, should apply at once.
july25—w3t CHAS. L. COCKE, Sup't.

RHEUMATISM
DR. RUSSELL'S
Rheumatic Remedy
NEVER FAILS.
Price, $5 00 per vial. No. 41 Broad street Atlanta, Ga. jul25-d3m&2p

Hotels, Etc.

Westminster Hotel.
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
Corner Irving Place and 16th Street,
N. Y. One Block from Union Square and Broadway.
This most central, and yet quietest location in the city. Convenient to the great stores, theatres and churches. Elevator and all modern improvements. Easy access to all parts of the city by street cars and stages.
C. B. FERRIN, Proprietor.
apr6— sept7 —dly

Markoe House,
American and European Plan,
NINTH CHESTNUT streets, PHILADELPHIA.
above Continental Hotel.
H. M BEIDLER,
PROPRIETOR.

J. A. SAMPLE, late of Warm Springs, N. C., formerly of Mobile, office and room Clerk.
june7—deodtw

THOMPSON'S RESTAURANT.
Important to the Public.
ON and after Monday, the 20th of March, 1876, I shall adopt the following Bill of Fare at my Restaurant for the benefit of the public. I will furnish
BREAKFAST
from 6 to 9 o'clock a. m., from
25 to 50 cts each.
Dinner from 12 m. to 3 p. m., at from 25 to 50 cents.
Supper from 6 to 9 p. m., from 25 to 50 cents.
Also, I will hereafter furnish all special orders at reduced prices.
mar19—dly R. G. THOMPSON.

Van Horn House,
CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
Just the Right of the Union Depot.
Opened January, 1875.
M. D. VAN HORN, Prop'r
CLERKS,
C. N. TERRY. L. P. GRISWOLD

Ricks House,
CARTERSVILLE.....GEORGIA
HAVING leased this splendid three story Brick Hotel, from Mr. Ricks, I have
Newly Furnished & Carpeted
in good style, so as to make my guests comfortable, and propose to keep as good a table as be kept in North Georgia for $2 per day; single meals 50 cents; by the week, $8. Rooms for families will be arranged in suits. The surroundings are fine, the
Mountain Scenery,
and fine waters, mineral, limestone and free lone, are all convenient. Come and see for ourselves. B. F. COLLINS, Proprietor

Planter's Hotel,
AUGUSTA.....GEORGIA
THIS well known hotel having been remodeled, enlarged, thoroughly renovated and newly furnished during the summer of 1875, is now open with increased facilities for the accommodation of the traveling public. Special inducements to commercial travelers.
B. F. CHATFIELD Proprietor.
Also, Proprietor of the
Highland Park Hotel,
FOR THE CENTENNIAL.

Southern House,
Central Location,
815 ARCH STREET,
Between 8th and 9th streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
Transient and Permanent Guests French, Italian and Spanish spoken in this house.
F. CORRA,
Late of Atlanta, Ga.

Amagansett House,
AMAGANSETT, L. I.
The Finest Beach in the United States
THIS delightful Summer Resort is now open for the accommodation of visitors. For terms, &c., address GRANT & CORE,
apr23—d&w3m Proprietors

Jeff Davis House,
By MRS. T. J. S. CLARKE,
NEWNAN.....GEORGIA,
LARGE rooms for transient and summer visitors. The traveling public would do well to give her house a call. july6—d1tf

Watering Places.

Richmond House,
GAINESVILLE.....GEORGIA.
CLEAN and comfortable beds, good and bountiful fare, prompt and polite attention.
Excellent Accommodation
— FOR —
SUMMER VISITORS
— AT —
Reduced Rates.
Free transportion for guests and baggage to this house on street cars. Rates of board moderate. Single meal 50 cents. J. B. CRAIG,
july7—dtf Proprietor.

NOTICE.
NORCROSS HOTEL, 20 miles northeast of Atlanta, on the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad, where we are prepared to accommodate a few summer boarders. Those desiring large and comfortable rooms, and a delightful climate and the advantage of a change from city life, will do well to stop with us. Atlanta merchants desiring to spend the day in the city and the night with their families where they can breathe the pure fresh air, will find the trains running to suit their convenience. Our rates for board and lodging is as follows: Board, for single day, $2; single week, $8; two weeks or more, $7 per week; per month, where there are five or more, $25 per month, and one occupying a room to himself, $30 per month. Reductions made for large families. J. G. TRAMMELL,
june21—dtf Proprietor.

THE MONTGOMERY
White Sulpher Springs,
ARE located in the county of Montgomery, Virginia, in a beautiful valley 1800 feet above the level of the sea, amidst the grand scenery of the Blue Ridge and Alleghany Mountains, and will, on the first day of June next, be opened for the reception of guests.
These Springs are reached by a continuous Railway, which lands the visitors in the Reception House in the centre of lawn.
A New Branch Narrow Guage Railroad
connecting, of a light new T rail, with fish bars, has been completed, affording our guests the comfort and convenience of stepping from one car to the other, and in a few moments being safely landed on the Springs grounds, making it much pleasant than to be transferred to slow coaches over rough roads.
THE WATERS of these Springs consists in Sulphur, Chalybeate and Freestone, and are extensively known for their hygiene properties. In addition to which, the Proprietors will keep for the use of their guests, the waters of the various Mineral Springs of this State. The lovely shaded grass covered lawn, dotted with fountains, and traversed by a limpid brook with sparkling water falls, and shaded by the Ash, the Sugar, and the Maple. The grounds are dry, airy and healthful, the drainage being perfect. The usual sources of Amusement are provided—Ten Pins, Billiards, Croquet, Boating, Fishing, Hunting, Walks, Drives, Balls, &c., &c., make up the pleasures of the day.
Express, Post, Telegraph and Ticket Offices are found here.
The Bar is unsurpassed. The
Splendid Naval Academy Band
of Annapolis, Maryland, has been engaged.
A FARM of 2,000 ACRES and an Extensive Garden furnish an abundant supply of Vegetables, Milk and Butter.
Ice is in great abundance in season.
Persons wishing Rooms in Private possession can secure facilities of Access and other Superior Advantages.
TERMS:
Per day $2 00; per week $11 00; per month $50 00. Children under 10 years, and servants half price. For three consecutive months, $45 00 per month.
For further information address COLQUIN & COWAN.
or to ISAAC WHITE, Resident Physician.
No charge for sleeping at Way Stations on the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio Railroad have been abolished. Travelers can now stop at any Station without charge. july19—deodtf

Business Directory.

R. DOVER,
Practical Slater,
19 Broad Street, near the Bridge,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
PLAIN and Ornamental Slating done at the the lowest prices. A large assortment of the Best Roofing Slate, and of Different Colors always on hand. Slating done in any part of the State. Slate roofs repaired. All my work is warranted for two years. Orders from city and country solicited. mar10,1876—dly.
Similia Similibus Curantur
DR. J. M. BABER,
Homœopathist.
OFFICE, 69 Whitehall street, up-stairs. Residence 136 Thompson street.
july12,1876—dly

L. L. THOMASSON,
DEALER IN
Grain, Hay, Bacon, Lard,
FLOUR, &c. Market street, Chattanooga, Tennessee. New Fire-proof Warehouse at foot of Market street. apr30.1876—dly

Dentists.

HOLLAND & CRENSHAW,
DENTISTS.
Office, 23 Whitehall street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA
june1 7, 1876—dly

L. D. CARPENTER,
Dentist,
No. 47 WHITEHALL STREET, Atlanta Georgia.

ARTHUR C. FORD,
DENTIST
69 Crew Street, Atlanta, Ga.
☞ McDonough Street Cars pass the door. ☜

Lawyers.

J. B. JAMES,
Attorney at Law,
DOUGLASVILLE, GEORGIA.
WILL practice in the county of Douglas and adjoining counties. Collections made a specialty. By permission refers to John. H James, Banker Atlanta, Ga.; Hon. J. M. James Ordinary of Douglas, and J. C. Dorsett, Clerk Superior Court of Douglas county.
dec10,1875—d&w12m

W. L. HARLER. HENRY PERRY
HARLER & PERRY,
Attorneys at Law,
GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.
SPECIAL attention given to collections. Will practice in the courts of Hall, Jackson, Banks Dawson, Lumpkin, White and Rabun counties.
june30,1876—dly

H. W. BALDWIN,
Attorney at Law,
MADISON, GEORGIA.
REFERENCES—Dr. Jno. B. Minor, Prof. Law Univ. Va.; Hon. A. H. Stephens, Judge Augustus Reese, Judge Geo. T B

PREFERRED LOCALS

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS

WM. McNAUGHT & CO.

Daily and weekly CONSTITUTION for special on of our "news."

mar22-dtf

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office.

apr21—dtf

Special Notice,

To purchasers of Lard Oils, West Virginia Oils and Coach Candles are particularly requested to get my prices before purchasing elsewhere. All orders promptly filled at St. Louis or Cincinnati prices.

Railroad Supplies a specialty.

AMOS FOX,

No. 9 East Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.

Agent for Buckeye Oil Works, Cincinnati, O.

Also, Inland Oil Works, St. Louis, Mo.,

Gunnison, Hamiltons & Miller, Proprietors.

may7-d3m

DR. HOLLAND has returned to the city and will be in his office—the office of Holland & Crenshaw, corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets. july16—dtf

Coal! Coal!! Coal!!!

W. S. Grisham will sell till 1st October next, the "Genuine" best lump, "BLACK DIAMOND" COAL CREEK COAL, at reduced rates, by car load. Call and see, or address through P. O., 56 Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga. july11—dtf

Asphalt Side Walk.

As cheap as brick. For sample and references call at office, corner Forsyth and Walton streets. O. A. SMITH.

july21—d3m

Wonderful Success

It is reported that BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP has, since its introduction in the United States, reached the immense sale of 0 000 dozen per year. Over 6,000 druggists have ordered this medicine direct from the factory at Woodbury, N. J., and not one have reported a single failure, but every letter speaks of its astonishing success in curing, coughs, colds settled on the breast, consumption, or any disease of throat and lungs. We advise any person that has any predisposition to weak lungs, to go to their druggists, Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, wholesale agents, and get this medicine, or inquire about it. Regular size, 75 cents; sample bottle, 10 cents. Two doses will relieve any case. Don't neglect your cough. apr2-deod&wky

Coal! Coal! Coal!

COAL CREEK COAL,

SUWANEE COAL,

SODDY COAL.

Either of the above coals at very LOW RATES during the summer. With daily receipts I am prepared to fill all orders with dispatch. Orders solicited. Office and Yard near the Post-office, Marietta street, Atlanta, Ga.

JNO. F. EDWARDS,

july9—dsun-wed&fri3mo Agent.

New Advertisements.

Fruit jars at private sale—Joyner & Ellis.

Gents' dress shirts—M. Rich.

Short-hand—Wm. W. Daniels.

Furniture, etc, at auction—Joyner & Ellis.

Georgia state lottery—E. S. Morris.

Mountain city mills—W. T. Robinson & Co.

Silk shawl lost—19 Marietta street.

Funeral notice of Mr. John Lee Hooper.

Funeral notice of Mrs. G. C. Spencer.

Funeral services of Mr. Walter D. Adair.

Horse stolen—G. A. Johnson.

Five room cottage for rent—G. W. Adair.

THE Mountain City Mills of Rome, Georgia, are turning out a very fine article of Flour. They are owned by Messrs. W. T. Robinson & Co., and run by Mr. Lindsey W. Cato, who is one of the best practical millers in the State of Georgia. july28—d3t

Newspaper for Sale.

Any one wishing to purchase a splendid weekly paper can do so by calling on the undersigned. I offer for sale because I have two papers. J. C. MCMICHAEL,

july26—d3t Barnesville, Ga.

Prof. Looney's School at Jonesboro, Georgia, will re-open on Monday, 31st July.

Every department complete for *males and females*. Board, $13 50 per month. Tuition from $13 to $24 per term of four months.

july26—d1w

Every family should have nice bread —the Belle Flour, turns out. july19—d2w

Try the celebrated Belle Flour. Nothing better. july19—d2w

Supreme Court Decisions.

The pamphlet of Decisions for term just closed are now ready for delivery Send orders at once. Price, $1 00 per pamphlet to CONSTITUTION subscribers, $2 00 to others. Volumes 46, 47, 44, 49, for sale. Address CONSTITUTION office, Atlanta, Ga. june1—dtf

Belle of Kentucky Flour sold by J. W. Fears. july19—d2w

Railroad agents will find it to their interest to call at the CONSTITUTION office and get our prices before having their work done elsewhere. Our bindery is especially arranged for doing railroad work, and we are satisfied that we can do it cheaper than it can probably be done anywhere else in this city. Give us one trial at least. tf

Brown Dress Linen

At Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s the above article is offered at very low figures. june7—dtf

Special Card from

GEORGE SHARP, JR.,

Diamond and Jewelry Merchant,

No. 34 Whitehall street,

ATLANTA, GA.

Just received from manufacturers and importers, who are bound to have the goods sold, the largest and finest assortment of

Watches,
Diamonds,
Fine Jewelry,
Sterling Silver Ware,
Gold Guard and Vest Chains,
Gold Opera and Leontine Chains,
Lockets, Seal Rings, &c., &c

This magnificent stock of goods will be offered for sale for the next thirty days at hard pan prices.

Now is the time for BARGAINS. Call early and buy at hard pan prices. I mean business. The owners of the goods want the money for them and I want my commissions. Visitors to the Centennial will save from 25 to 50 per cent by buying from me. GEO. SHARP, JR.

june28—dtf

READ Furchgott, Benedict & Co.'s advertisement and go ther . It will pay you. june7—dtf

Kid Gloves Reduced.

500 dozen Fresh and Choice Ladies Kid Gloves offered very low, at

june7-tf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.'s.

Black Grenadines a Specialty.

Save 10 to 15 cents on each yard and buy your Black Grenadines at the the popular store of

june7—dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co.

Black Silks! Black Silks

Another lot of those cheap Black Silks, just received, ranging from 75c, 85c, $1 00, and upward. Call at

june7—dtf FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & Co's.

Waiving the Homestead.

We are prepared to furnish, cheap, blank notes containing the waiver of homestead. Send your orders to CONSTITUTION office

apr21—dtf

Markham House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, GA., July 27, 1876.

W A Willingham, Forsyth, H B Heins, Fla; C O Little, Central, S C; J G Westmoreland, city, W F Hugniey, West Point; Rev D F C Timmons, Monroe, Ga; G W Rogers, Hillsboro, Ga; B Mallon, city; F J Calhoun, Norcross; J J Williams, city; J Kingsberry, city; W W Woodruff, Griffin; J C McMichael, Thomaston; L A DeMontmaillier, Savannah; Geo Percival, L B R; F L Freyer, Marietta; Jno O'Conlin, Selma, Ala; T Bell, Texas, J S Blymyn, Cincinnati; H P Harvey, Fair urn, A N Moore, Dawsonvi le; B Blount, B Blalock, Ga; Edward H Hardin, LaGrange.

Kimball House Arrivals.

ATLANTA, July 27.

Judge R. F. Lyon, Macon; A. Polin, Louisville; J J Tanstall, Mississippi; John S Hickey, Winston, N C; Walter Crafsnell, Tenn: W F Lamb, Joseph Thompson and wife, city; A V Bostrite, Columbus; T D Meador and wife, Georgia; T B Wilson, Tennessee; Henry Samuel, Baltimore; T B Brown, Virginia; W T S Moore, New Orleans; T N Britton, Washington; C E Stewart, North Carolina; D T Griego, Texas; P M Martin, Ostervenson E S Crow, Philadelphia; F S Wilson, south Carolina; M M Wood, North Carolina; F R Pope and family, J P Caldwell, Austin, Texas; A O Davis, Mississippi.

Belle of Kentucky Flour!

MADE OF CHOICE WHITE WHEAT,

At Russellville, Southern Kentucky.

THE BELLE NOT TO BE EXCELLED BY ANY FANCY BRAND

WEST OR SOUTH!

J. W. FEARS, Agent.

july19—deod3w

THE METHODISTS.

THE ATLANTA DISTRICT MEETING

Full Attendance and a Fine Sermon.

The Atlanta district meeting of the Methodist church assembled at Stone Mountain yesterday. Rev. J. E. Evans, presiding elder, presided. Mr. R J. Redding was elected secretary, and G. W. Martin, assistant secretary.

The following delegates were enrolled:

First church, Atlanta—W F Wright

Evans Chapel, Atlanta—Rev W C Dunlap, P. C.; C C Davis, J L Richmond, J W Sears.

Payne's Chapel, Atlanta—Rev T H Timmons, P. C.; J G Hendrix, M Bell.

St. Paul's, Atlanta—Rev W A Dodge, P. C.; R J Redding J P Ray, Geo W Martin.

Sixth church, Atlanta—Rev W C Dunlap, P C; J N Langston, W P Brown

East Point Circuit—J J Jones, B F Dodson, L P.

Fulton Circuit—Rev O A Thrower, P C.

Decatur Circuit—E A Murray, E J Bond, T Y Nash, W H Bolton, J W Harris, I N Wilson.

Conyers Circuit—Rev W D Hesth, P C; Dr J A Stewart W H McCord, J G Mann.

Oxford Station—Dr A G Haygood, P C; J S Stewart

Covington Circuit—J J Groves. H L Graves.

Newton circuit—Rev A W Rowland, P C; Silas H Starr, Jas M Geiger, L C; R F Woodruff, J B Meadows.

Monticello circuit—J L Maddox, W B R Pennington, J H Kelly, R C Geiger.

Social Circle station—J W Garrett.

Monroe circuit—T K Smith J R Thompson

Rev W R Branham, sr., and Rev W A Candler arrived in the afternoon.

PRESIDING ELDER'S REPORT.

Rev J E Evans, presiding elder, submitted a report of the funds collected for the district parsonage:

First church, Atlanta, $158 00, and 1 bed stead; Trinity, Atlanta, $50; Covington, $44 50, 1 sheet 1 spread; Decatur circuit $30 50; Fulton circuit 1875, $1 45. 1 bedstead; Norcross, 1875, $2; Conyers circuit, $25 75. Oxford station $11 00, Social Circle, $17 00; Flat Shoals 1875, R M Clark, $10 00; East Point, circuit, 1875, $11, 2 quilts, 1 comfort, 1 blanket; St. Paul's, $4 00; Evan's Chapel, $7 00; Payne's $6; Newton circuit $7 50, 2 comforters; Edgewood, W Moreland, $5 00; Monroe circuit, $10, 6 counterpanes; Newborn, 1875, $6 80; Judge Thomas Fullum, $5 00; Monticello circuit, $8 00 Total $4 1 75.

All this amount has been laid out in suitable furniture. He urges the necessity for a parsonage. There is but one circuit in the district with a parsonage.

Rev Mr. Evans calls attention to the necessity for making collections in the early part of the year. He is deeply impressed with the conviction that both the ministry and laity rely too much on the old routine of church services and that therefore the mass of the laity are absolutely idlers in the vineyard of the Lord.

The report was received and the items referred to appropriate committees.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEES.

Rev. W. C. Dunlop moved the appointment of several standing committees which motion prevailed, and the chair appointed the following:

State of the church.—Rev W A Dodge, Rev O A Thrower, E J Bond, W F Wright, W B R Pennington.

Sunday schools.—V R Dommey, Rev T H Timmons, W F Graves, W A Haygood, Rev W D Heath.

Finance and Parsonage.—J C Hendrix, J S Stewart S. las H Starr, J L Mattox, J W Garrett.

Missions.—Rev W C Dunlap, Rev A W Rowland, J J Jones, Dr. J A Stewart.

The hours of service were fixed. Prayer meeting from 8 to 9 a. m.; morning session 9 to 10:45 a m; preaching 11 a m. Afternoon session 3 p m to 6 p m. Preaching at night.

At 11 a m, Rev A G Haygood, D.D., presided at Emory college, preached from Acts, 2 chap. 1 to 4 verses. "And when the day of Pentecost was fully come, they were all with one accord in one place. And suddenly there came a sound from heaven as of a rushing mighty wind and it filled all the house where they were sitting.

"And there appeared unto them cloven tongues like as of fire and it sat upon each of them.

"And they were all filled with the Holy Ghost and began to speak with other tongues as the spirit gave them utterance."

The sermon was preached with unction and power. The Pentecost was a symbol of power.

The meeting is full of interest. A fervent spirituality pervades the meeting.

The delegates are being entertained by the people of Stone Mountain with lavish Christian hospitality.

Brown's Hotel.

This is a splendid place to stop at when in Macon, good rooms, good table, and convenience of locality are combined in its attractions.

The Recorder.

The police court met yesterday morning at the usual hour, but with a very slim attendance.

The first case which engaged the attention of his honor involved a couple of enterprising merchants, whose stores are side by side, but whose hearts, we are sorry to say, are estranged.

It is business competition which has produced this unfortunate result, and to such a warmth did this reach, that if one happened to sell fifty cents worth more goods than the other, the latter gentleman has been known to cuss for an hour. The heads of these rival establishments would occasionally relieve their feelings by shaking their fists at each other from their respective back doors, but as there was a fence between and neither party disposed to climb it, the damage done was immaterial. The other morning however, matters approached something like a climax. One of the belligerents had purchased some corn and put his son and a barefooted little African to tossing it over the fence. Now a brilliant idea struck the firm on the other side of the fence, and that was to pitch the corn back again. A force of two boys was accordingly put to work on this side and some lively tossing was done, in which the corn was sent back and forwards with great activity, the parties occasionally suspending operations to breathe defiance at each other through a crack. The noise brought out the head of the firm on the other side of the fence who gave expression to his sentiments in language that cannot be here quoted and in very vigorous, that he was arrested. The recorder fined him $1 and costs, and recommended that they cease all this waste of enterprise, get religion, and dwell together in unity.

HOW A PEEPER WAS FIXED.

George Pascal, a dirty Bohemian, and with rascal very strongly impressed upon his expressive countenance, was brought to the bar with one eye done up in a sling. Until recently George possessed two eyes, both in good condition, but had this one temporarily extinguished the other day by reason of his trying to put it where it didn't belong. George ascertained that some negro girls, living not far from where he quartered, were contemplating taking a bath that afternoon, and stationed himself near a hole in the window of the room where they had retired to perform their ablutions, and brought his damaged eye to bear upon them. But George pretty soon found out to his sorrow. One of the girls discovered that "someting had darkened de hole" in the window, and by way of ascertaining what it was, precipitated a dish of boiling water through it. A yell as of a negro in great agony immediately followed the advent of the hot water, and upon opening the blinds George was beheld rolling over upon the ground cutting up a great many extraordinary antics, and accompanying his actions with a series of howls of a very energetic character. The old woman came out to see what all the fuss meant, and George, laboring under the idea that she had taken a hand in the hot water transaction, went for her. She retired back into the house without losing time or asking any questions, and had George arrested. The recorder told him that he wouldn't fine him anything for trying to peep at the girls, for there wasn't any malice in aim. But as he had done a little cussing, he would let him pay $5 and costs for the sake of appearance. George concluded to crack rocks a while, as money is tight.

Alonzo Wallace, a very colored gentleman, who departed from the chain-gang very suddenly the other day without asking Mr. Redding's permission, was sent back for another week.

Court then adjourned.

Executive Department Notes

The following notaries public were commissioned yesterday:

Warren county—W H Wellborn, 425th district; C G Lowe, 153.

Washington county—E M Smith, 92 T M Harris, 94; James Barron, 136; E A Sullivan, 97; James Sedlesam, 96; W P Davis, 91; G W Fulgham, 1253; F A Walden, 95; J G Whiddon, 98; T Neal, 99; J Hunt; 89; M L Jackson, 9-; S M Gilmore, 96; W E Martin, 81.

Whitfield county; B B Brown, 87-; J L Farnsworth, 631; Rawleigh Capp, 65; F A Rauchenberg, 628; Morgan Head, 1049; James T Peek, 968; W H Greene, 627; J W Jones, 1278.

Wilcox county—John R Ashley, 1158; C W Ashley, 1159; Bennett Pete, 1171; Willis Casson, 1177; Mitchell Atkins, 49.

Williamson County—J J Shepherd, 327; T J Holland, 329; Ira S King, 124; A Pennington, 328; J R Bostwick, 331; G W Wright, 330; A H Adams, 854; W W Lee Sr., 358; J D Vallandingham, 322.

Spalding County—G S Parker, 1068; Marion Patrick, 49-; Rufus Lynch, 1149; J D Sherrill, 1066, J H Monghan 1001; N D Monroe, 1069

Webster county—W L Clark, 1,098; G E Benard, 1,601; J H Cantrell, 1,105; W L Gunnells, 902; J W Josey, 975.

White county—Green B Dodd, 553; J McAfee, 838; W P Sears, 841; W T Ramiver, 562; W L Ferguson, 426; W B Burk, 721; D M Horton 427.

The Grasshoppers.

We append the following extracts showing the operations of the hopper:

Pike County Courier.

Just a little while ago we heard somewhat, yes a great deal, of the devastation of the grasshopper in the northwestern counties, how they laid waste every spot they visited, threatening starvation to many, and now we are exceedingly apprehensive that the very flattering prospects of our own state are to be blasted by this uncontrollable destroyer that has put in a formidable appearance in a number of counties.

While no one need be alarmed at the loss they may incur this season, next year's crop of them may spread destruction over all our fair fields and put us in even a worse condition than now. We have been informed that on the place now cultivated by Mr. G E Lavender, some mile and a half from here, there are several acres of them, as yet perhaps rather young to prove very destructive, and Mrs M J Martin's place, a mile and a half west of this, they are in abundance, and on the latter place effor s are being made to exterminate them.

Calhoun Times.

Col R M Young reports them on his place, also Mr Warren Stewart and others, and in fact, they seem to be pretty well distributed over the county. They have been noticed on stubble lands for sever l weeks and have seemed to increase rapidly in numbers. Col R M Young observed them on his clover last week where they had injured it no little, and shortly after noticed they had attacked his corn and cotton. As far as they went they literally ruined everything, leaving nothing but a bare stalk. He drove them out into the swamp with brushes, and they have since been engaged in devouring the rank grass to be found there. They seem to be easily driven back with brushes if attacked before they get too far into a field. They are mostly very small, and we believe no special alarm is felt by our farmers for this season, but those who have any knowledge of their habits, are afraid they will grow sufficiently large to deposit eggs in the ground which may next season cause no little disaster.

Carnesville Express.

The grasshopper excitement is very considerable in and around Cartersville. For two weeks the grasshopper operations have assumed a serious aspect; and many of our farmers are alarmed on the question of meat and bread, to say nothing of the prospect of making a surplus.

It seems that clover and small grain fields appear to be the nurseries of these pestiferous insects, which are regarded to be of the same species which have done so much damage in the west. Some of our farmers believe that clover, if not the generator of the grasshopper, it is at least the greatest propagator of the species. They first attack the stubble and clover fields, from which they transfer themselves to cotton and corn fields; and wherever they go they strip the corn and cotton stalks of every vestige of leaves and tender stems. It is singular that they do not attack the peas while they, in some instances, eat the bark from the twigs of peach trees.

The hoppers are making sad havoc on the farm of Mrs. Lewis Tumlin in the edge of town. Thirty-five acres of clover about ready for a second mowing has been entirely stripped. Twenty acres of cotton has been destroyed in the same way. In an adjoining field the corn has been stripped to the stalk, even to the tender ends of the ears. They are rapidly making their way to other fields of corn.

These pests appeared upon Mrs. Tumlin's place in comparatively small numbers some four weeks ago. They were first seen in a stubble field when the wheat was being taken from the field for thrashing. For ten days the hands on the place have been fighting the hoppers and to some extent their progress has been impeded.

The grasshoppers have made their appearance in various parts of the county. Various modes have been resorted to to destroy them. They are easily driven after 10 o'clock in the morning, and in this way they are driven together and burnt with straw. In the early morning while the dew is upon the weeds, clover or grass where they roost they either cannot or do not feel inclined to move. Observing this peculiarity, Col J J Howard, on Tuesday morning at 8 o'clock started seven mules hitched to as many scrubby black jack bushes, all abreast, and commenced driving across his clover field. If being wet and dark, and having about 35 feet front covered with the bushes, it was difficult for the insect to avoid destruction, and they were killed by thousands. At 11 a. m. it commenced raining, which still further favored the operation. During seven hours of this labor Colonel Howard thinks he killed about one-half of these insects.

Colonel Howard suggests another plan. It is to make rollers, and so arrange the shafts that mules can propel the rollers and of them and thus crush them them to death. Colonel Howard urges all farmers who are troubled with these pests to kill them by all possible means that can be invented, in order to save next year's crops and thus prevent a famine in the land. He has been fighting them two weeks, and thinks he has killed half on his place.

Newnan Herald.

They made their appearance in Newnan a few days ago, and are now in great numbers in the city cemetery, where they are eating the grass and the leaves from the shrubbery. We learn that they are also in considerable force in a bottom of Mr. F. M. Scroggins, immediately east of town. We also hear that they have invaded the plantations of Mr Joe Amis of the 1st, and Mr. M. N. Colly of the 3d districts. They are doubtless in other parts of the country that we have no heard of. Some are of opinion that it is too late in the season, and that they are too young to do much damage to this year's crop. So this we doubt. Near Atlanta, Marietta and other places they have already done much damage, and every day adds to their capacity for destruction. But if they should do nothing more than deposit their eggs this season, that alone will almost insure the destruction of next year's crops. Hence it becomes of the utmost importance to destroy them at once. Wherever they make their appearance the people should combine in an effort to destroy them. It may cost time and labor, but we have much at stake, and it is worth the effort.

FUNERAL OF MRS. W. G. IRWIN.

Sermon By Rev. Dr. Leftwitch.

The funeral services of the late Mrs. W. G. Irwin, took place yesterday afternoon from the Central Presbyterian church, and the immense concourse of friends and relatives, who thronged the building, testified more strongly than words, to the wide-spread loss our community has sustained.

The deceased lady was a daughter of our esteemed fellow citizen, Judge W. W. Clayton. Miss Cora Clayton was well known in our city, and as universally loved. Her Christian life was begun at an early age, and its history is but a series of works, charity and devotion. She was perfectly unselfish, and a faithful, earnest humble Christian to the last. Dr. Leftwich well said that in honoring her, as she was honored yesterday, our community honored itself. She has left an aching void in the hearts of very many, that time alone can heal, but she has also left us the record of a spotless life, a lovely self sacrificing nature, a monument more durable than granites. The sermon was preached by Rev Dr. Leftwich, from Revelations, 14th chapter, 13th verse: "And I heard a voice from heaven, saying unto me, write, Blessed are they which die in the Lord from henceforth; yea, saith the spirit, that they may rest from their labors and their works do follow them." The sermon was an eloquent masterly effort, and left but few dry eyes in the congregation. He spoke of the character of the deceased in the highest terms. He said he had known her since he first came to this community, and that her steadiness and fidelity to duty had left impressions upon him that would never be effaced.

The procession which followed the remains to the grave was one of the largest we have ever seen. We sympathize deeply with the family, but they have the consolation of knowing that they are not alone in their grief, for our community as a whole mourns with them.

The Republican Delegates

Our compositors by a singular typographical error, made us charge Mr. Norcross yesterday morning with calling the delegates recently appointed at the Monday night meeting, thieves

Mr. Norcross made no such statement, nor did we so report him. Mr. Norcross did say that a set of delegates had been appointed by the Monday meeting, which the citizens had a right to do, and that those delegates, as well as those appointed to-night (Wednesday) would all be admitted to the convention but that altogether they would be entitled to six votes for the county of Fulton, and that he did not suppose any difficulty would come of it.

A Suspicious Thief Arrested.

Detective W. L. Jones yesterday arrested and locked up a man by the name of John Lesk, who is accused of stealing $12 in money and a hatchet from a Mr Dixon. The latter is a plasterer, and is employed on the new synagogue. He hung his coat in a distant room while he was at work, and when he returned to it the money was gone, Jones worked up the case, and arrested Lesk, to whom he traced the possession of the hatchet.

He also arrested yesterday Emily Garner, a negro woman, who is charged with swindling Major Slaton out of $1 85.

Another Sad Loss.

We are deeply pained this morning to announce the death of Mr. Walter D. Adair who depart d this life at a quarter past eight o'clock last night. The deceased was well known to Atlanta, and as universally esteemed. He was born in Talla ega county, Alabama, but moved to this city six and a half years ago, where he has since been engaged in business. He was the junior member of the firm of Adair & Broth rs. He was an honorable upright man, and a conscientious christian. His death was perfectly happy. His loss will be deeply felt in our community, and to his relatives we extend our profound sympathies.

OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

PRAISEWORTHY ACTION OF SUPERINTENDENT MALLON.

Tuition to be Charged in All of the Grades.

An interesting meeting of the board of education was held last night.

Prof. Mallon voluntarily announced that in view of the exigencies of the public schools he would relinquish $250 more of his salary as superintendent.

Mr. Mallon was re-elected superintendent

The sum of $391 was passed up to the finance committee to pay rent and other expenses.

An interesting communication from Prof. E. G. Moore was read favoring charging tuition in the public schools.

The committee on this subject made a elaborate report, recommending the following scale:

All grades of high schools, (per mo.)	$4 00
First 3 grade grammar schools, do	3 00
Next 2 grade grammar schools, do	2 50
Next 2 grade grammar schools, do	2 00
Next grade grammar schools, do	1 00
All grades of colored schools, do	1 00

The report was adopted and ordered published in the city papers.

Mr. Blanchard thought that the colored schools ought to be self-sustaining.

Dr. T. B. Powell offered a resolution that the board do not renew the contract with the American missionary society relative to the colored schools. Dr. Powell urged that this society nominated parties unsuitable for teachers.

Action was deferred until the next regular meeting.

TOWN TOPICS.

—Young Men's Christian Association will hold its monthly business meeting tonight at 8 o'clock.

—Judge James Jackson left for Athens yesterday.

—H. V. Tompkins, agent of the Godwin agricultural engine is in the city.

—Hon. L. F. Livingston is spoken of for president of the state agricultural convention.

—Don't forget the fact that the Atlanta Dramatic association will repeat the "Merchant of Venice" at DeGive's on Tuesday night, first of August. It will be such an entertainment as will interest and entertain all present.

—Rev. W. C. Bass, president of Wesleyan Female college, is at Stone Mountain attending the district meeting.

—A telegram from Louisville, Ky., says: "Ron J J Hickman, head of the order of Good Templars throughout the world, is confined to his bed in the Louisville hotel with dangerous abcesses in his throat. His illness seriously retards the operations ordered by the Right worthy grand lodge to secure its authority in Great Britain and negotiations with the British delegates who acceded from the recent session of that body.

—Chickens are dying rapidly in the neighborhood of Stone Mountain.

—The annual celebration of the Buford Sunday school association takes place at Suwanee on the 4th of August.

—Ed. W. Hammond left for Athens last night to perfect arrangements for the approaching performance there.

—Miss Virginia Jones, of Madison, is spending the summer near Stilesboro. She will visit Cartersville soon and will be the guest of Miss Lillie Johnson.—Cartersville Express.

—Judge Henry H. Tompkins, of Savannah, was at the Markham house, yesterday.

—Our friend of the Acworth Advocate is a little mistaken about the Sunday school convention at Marietta. It was held on Saturday, published in the CONSTITUTION Sunday morning and a copy sent to the Advocate on Tuesday. We state this in justice to Prof. Gober, secretary.

—The Mirror, an amateur journal, again appears on our table. G. W. Terry and Geo. H. Fuller, editors and printers. Stephen H. Terry retires, but we hope to soon welcome him back. We wish the editors success.

—Capt. W. B. Addington, of the Norfolk, Virginia, Landmark, is in the city. He is an excellent gentleman and a capital correspondent. Should he take some notes and present 'em' this morning, our city will certainly be of the most interesting character and in his happiest style.

A Rare Treat.

The people of Athens will enjoy a rare treat on next Saturday night in the presentation of the "Merchant of Venice" by the Atlants Dramatic association. The young men composing this association are talented young men, and we commend them to our Athens friends.

The Young Men's Democratic Club.

The meeting for organization will take place to-night in the hall of James' new bank block, Whitehall street, at 8:30 sharp!

Obituary.

ADAIR—The funeral services of Walter D. Adair will take place this evening, the 28th inst., at 5 o'clock, at the Second Baptist Church The friends of the family are invited to be present.

Funeral Notices.

HOOPER—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. W. Hooper are invited to attend the funeral of their son, JOHN LEE, at the residence of Colonel J. A. Stewart, No. 115 West Simpson st. eet, at 9 o'clock, a. m., Friday, 28th instant.

SPENCER—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. G C. Spencer, are requested to attend the funeral of the latter from her latte residence 55 Walton street, this evening at 5 o'clock.

Local and Business Notices

50 Doz. Extra Large Size Gents' B at Dress Shirts at $1 00.

M. Rich has just received a new lot of extra sizes of those popular $1 00 Gents' unwashed fine dress Shirts. He can now fit any one weighing up to 250 lbs. july28—d3t

White Pine Sashes Doors and Blinds

JENNINGS & ASHLEY,

81 and 83 Broad st. eet, near the Bridge.

july6—dtf

Ten Cent Column.

Advertisements of "Wanted, "For Sale," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c., will be inserted in this column at Ten Cents a line, each insertion. ☞ All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance; and none will be taken for less than thirty cents.

FOR RENT—A nice Cottage, with five good rooms, closets and pantry, all on one floor, good out houses with kitchen and servants' room, and a good well of water. The cottage is situated on West Harris street. The cottage was formerly occupied by Major Chamberlain. Apply to G. W. Adair, Real Estate agent.

july28—d1w

STOLEN—Large sorrell horse, white face, right eye is a glass eye, is between seven and eight years old, is in very good keeping. Stolen from G. A. Johnson, at West End. Will pay a liberal reward for the horse. july28—d1t

LOST—On Marietta or Decatur street, a Black Lace Point Lace Silk shawl, on Wednesday evening. The finder will be handsomely rewarded by returning it to No. 19 Marietta street.

july28 d1t

SCHOLARSHIPS—Two Scholarships in Moore's Business College for sale. Address Box 155, Atlanta, Ga. july26—d1w

WANTED—Situations as teachers in the same school in different towns by two young ladies one, as a music teacher; the other, as teacher of literary branches. References given. Address "Teacher," Constitution office. july26-d3w

BOARDERS WANTED—By a small family in Decatur. Locality pleasant. Terms reasonable. Apply to M. S., Decatur, Georgia.

july26—d3t

FOR RENT—Boarding House, centrally located. A part of rent taken in board. Apply to F., Constitution office. june17—su&tues

FOR RENT—Brick Store No. 231 Decatur street. Apply to Dr. Marvin, up-stairs.

july21—dtf

REMOVAL—D. P. Holloway has removed his Paint Shop and Office, to Hunter street, just below Chamberlain & Boynton's store, where he will be glad to receive orders for House and sign painting of all kinds, Graining, &c.

july21—d3t

FOR SALE, cheap and on easy terms by a Physician who is now doing a lucrative practice, his location, drug store and dwelling in a prosperous town contiguous to Atlanta. For particulars address or enquire of Hunt, Rankin & Lamar, Wholesale Druggists, No. 11 North Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. july23-d3t

COMMERCIAL.

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT.

ATLANTA, GA., July 27, 1876.

Cotton quiet at 10c for middlings.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Financial.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Money easy at 2.

Sterling quiet at 8½

Gold firm, at 111¼@111¾.

Governments dull and steady.

State bonds quiet and steady.

Stocks—active and unsettled; New York Central 105¼; Erie 13½; Lake Shore 58¾; Illinois Central 92; Pittsburg 95; Northwestern 36¾; Chicago 30¾; preferred 69¾; Rock Island 107¼.

Sub-treasury balances—gold $34,073,080; currency $39,907, 223. The sub-treasurer paid out $120,000 on account of interest and for bonds $10,000.

Customs receipts to-day $241,100.

OPENING QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Cotton hardening; sales 1,596 bales; uplands 11 11-16; Orleans 11¾.

Futures opened steady and easy; August 11 23-32@11 ¾; September 11 19-32@11 21-32; October 11 3-32@11 15-32; November 11¾@11¾; December 11¾@11 21-32.

LIVERPOOL, July 27.—noon.—Cotton quiet; and steady; middling uplands 5 15-16; middling Orleans 6 7-16; sales 10,000 bales; speculation 2,000. receipts 4,5 0; of which 150 American; futures 12-32 cheaper; middling uplands nothing below low middlings shipped in September or October delivery 5 1-16; new crop middling uplands nothing below middlings shipped in November or December per sail 6.

LIVERPOOL, July 27.—2:30 P. M.—Cotton middling uplands nothing below low middlings August or September delivery 5 27-32; September or October delivery 5 9-16.

LIVERPOOL, July 27.—4:30 P. M.—Middling uplands nothing below low middlings nothing below low middlings September or October delivery 5 15-16; October or November delivery 5 15-16; new crop middling uplands nothing below middlings shipped in November or December per sail 31-32.

LIVERPOOL, July 27.—3 P. M.—Sales of American 7,500 bales.

LONDON, July 27.—Erie 13¾.

PARIS, July 27.—Rentes 106f 87½c.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Cotton steady; sales 1,356 bales at 11¾@11 15-16.

Net receipts 92; gross 96.

Futures closed firm; sales 15,0 0 bales; July 11 25-32; August 11 25-32@11 13-16; September 11¼@11 21-32; October 11 7-16@11 15-32; November 11¾; December 11 19-32@11 21-32; January 11 9-16@11 19-32; February 11 23-32@11¾; March 11¾@11 29-32; April 12 1-32@12 1-16; May 12 3-16@12 7-32; June 12 11-32@12¾.

GALVESTON, July 27.—Cotton firm; middlings 11; net receipts 288 bales; sales 239; export to Great Britain 40.

NEW ORLEANS, July 27.—Cotton firm; middlings 11¾; low middlings 10¾; good ordinary 9¾; net receipts 41 bales; gross 53; sales 1,900; export coastwise 1,350.

SAVANNAH, July 27.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10¾; net receipts 20 bales; gross 182; sales 70.

AUGUSTA, July 27.—Cotton in good demand; middlings 10¾; net receipts 18 bales; gross 57.

WILMINGTON, July 27.—Cotton nominal; middlings 10¾; net receipts 5.

NORFOLK, July 27.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10¾; net receipts 7; sales; exports coastwise 19.

MEMPHIS, July 27.—Cotton in fair demand; middlings 10¾@11; net receipts 11 bales; sales 1,900.

CHARLESTON, July 27.—Cotton quiet; middlings 11; net receipts 4 bales; sales 20; exports coastwise 427.

MOBILE, July 27.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10⅝@10¾; net receipts 10 bales; sales 10; exports coastwise 10.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—Cotton steady; middlings 11¾; net receipts 149 bales; gross 152.

BOSTON, July 27.—Cotton dull; middlings 11¾; net receipts 48 bales.

BALTIMORE, July 27.—Cotton dull; middlings 11¾; net receipts 90; export coastwise 15; export to Great Britain 170.

Provisions, Grain, etc.

NEW YORK, July 27.

Flour in good demand superfine s hade firmer; southern flour without important change; common to fair extra $ 465@5 75; good to choice do. $5 80@$8 50.

Wheat dull; 1@3c lower good grades unchanged; winter red western 78@81 15.

Corn opened 1c better; graded mixed 56; white southern 60@63.

Oats 1c better and closed quiet; mixed western and state 29@41.

Coffee Rio quite; cargoes 14¾@17 gold; job lots 14¾@18¾ gold.

Sugar ⅛ higher; in fair demand; fair to good refining 8¾@9.

Molasses, firm in moderate inquiry.

Rice quiet and steady.

Tallow, prime 8⅜@8 5-16.

Naval stores steady.

Pork heavy decidedly lower; new mess $19 40 @$19 60; closing at $19 40.

Lard unsettled and lower; prime steam 11 05@ 13¼; closing at 11 06.

Whisky firm at $1 13.

Freights dull; cotton per sail 9-32@5-16; steam 5-16.

CHICAGO, July 27.

Flour dull.

Wheat active and lower; No. 2 Chicago spring 96¾; No. 3 Chicago spring 78¾.

Corn in good demand; No. 2, 45¾; spot 45¾ August; 45¾ September.

Oats steady and firm; No, 2, 29¾ spot; September 29¾.

Rye firmer at 55.

Barley firmer at 50.

Pork in fair demand and lower; $18 40 spot; August $18 37; September $18 50.

Bulk Meats weaker; shoulders 7¼@7¾; short rib middles 9¾@9¾; short clear middles 10.

Whisky steady at $1 10¾.

ST. LOUIS, July 27.

Flour quiet and weak.

Wheat dull; No 2 red fall $1 23 bid; No 3 red fall 93.

Corn dull; No 2 mixed 40¾@40¾.

Oats dull; choice mixed and white 32@33.

Rye quiet at 49.

Whisky steady at $1 10.

Pork dull at $19 50.

Lard dull; 11 asked.

Bulk Meats shoulders 7¾; clear rib sides 10; clear sides 10¾.

Bacon easier; shoulders 8¾; clear rib sides 10¾; clear sides 11¾@11¾.

CINCINNATI, July 27.

Flour dull and drooping.

Wheat steady at 90@$1 05.

Corn dull at 43@45.

Oats dull; mixed 26@35.

Rye dull; No. 2 60@65.

Barley quiet at 64@60.

Pork easier at $18 75.

Lard quiet; prime steam 10¾@11; kettle 12¾@13.

Bulk Meats active and lower; shoulders 7¾@7¾; clear rib sides 9¾@9¾.

Bacon quiet; shoulders 8¾@9¾; clear rib sides 10